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The North Carolinian.

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THE NORTH CAROLINIAN
POWER
JOB PRINTING
ESTABLISHMENT
Is supplied with all the requisites for doing first-class Job Printing business, and promptly executes Wedding Cards, Visiting Cards, Business Cards, Ball Cards, Fancy Show Cards, Posters, Handbills, Programmes, Billheads, Dodgers, Bills of Fare, Wine Cards, Law Cases and Points, Statements, Pamphlets, Circulars, Books, etc., in the latest and neatest styles and at the lowest prices. Orders by mail will receive prompt attention.

A CLEVER RUSE.

Wells Compton was telling the story. It was about a duel to the death in which he had engaged while in Arizona, and we all listened attentively. He had told about the cause of the combat. Bill Crockford, the bully of the camp, had thrown a glass of whisky in his face because he did not like a remark that had been made by the tenderfoot, and Compton had retaliated by striking him a hard blow on the cheek. Crockford was for using his six-shooter right away, but the crowd made him desist and insisted upon fair play.

"I knew the man was likely to kill me before I left the groggery," said Compton, "so I said:

"'I will fight you, and fight you now, but mark you, we will fight on something like equal terms. With revolvers I should be nothing but a victim to your skill, so as I am entitled to the choice of weapons, we will use Winchesters, for, although I never fired one in my life, I can use the rifle better than the revolver.'

"A dead quiet fell on the group as Crockford nodded his head in token of assent. I had, as I knew, chosen the deadliest style of duelling in force out there.

"Old Mottram broke the silence by saying: 'It seems, boys, that this affair must go on. Crockford, hev ye yer weapon here?'

"'No, but I will soon bring it,' was the response as he turned and walked out.

"I now had about an hour at my disposal, and taking Dalziel aside I asked him to be my second, which he acceded to. I gave him all the money I had on me, some $600, and told him that if I should be killed he was to bury me decently and that he might keep any balance left over. Then on a sheet of note paper I wrote a brief will, disposing of my interests in certain concerns.

"I did not waste any time in thinking of my poor mother, my sisters, or any dearer one at all. The fact was that I hadn't any sweetheart or relations of any kind save and except my dear old dad, and well I knew that he, a major under the flag of old England, would rather have helped to bury me with his own hands than that his son should turn tail in such a case. Neither was I disturbed in my mind about what some would call the awful responsibility which must rest upon me if I killed this man. No, sir! I just meant to drill as many and as deadly holes in his rascally carcass as good fortune and my skill could together effect. Brutal, no doubt you will say. Perhaps it was, but I was going to shoot to kill for all that, for it ever a man meant bloodshed in this world, Bill Crockford meant it when he went out of that saloon.

"What I did think of, however, was how to increase my chances of success, as I certainly did not want to be killed, or even wounded, so I mentally laid down a plan of campaign, or method of operation as it were.

"There was still about half an hour before my adversary could get back, so Dalziel proposed my having a few shots to get used to the Winchester which I was to use. About 200 yards away stood an old shanty, empty and tumbled down; on this Dalziel stuck the white lid of a box, offering a plain mark of perhaps twelve inches square. I took the rifle and after firing two shots for direction and elevation I walked over to see how I had got on, then came back and resumed firing. When I got through three and twenty cartridges, we all, that is, the rest of the men in the store—with Dalziel and myself, walked over to the target.

"'Great Scott!' exclaimed old Mottram, 'why, there ain't a single bullet within five feet of that box lid. You ain't got no show at all agin Crocky, an' if I was you I'd own up and apologize.'

"'I thank you for your advice,' I replied. 'I believe I have more chance than you fancy, but if I had none, this affair would have to go on, unless, indeed, your man should beg my pardon for throwing his glass in my face.'

"'There ain't much chance of that, I fear. He's dead set on shooting yer, sir, but I wish there was some way of stoppin' this affair. It seems onreasonable that you should meet a man sich a tremenjous lot better ner yourself when your life will most likely hev to pay the stake.'

"Crockford soon arrived at the store, bringing his rifle with him, and of course a whisper or two from his friends made him acquainted with the results of my target practice. Dalziel made a last attempt to prevent a meeting and addressed Crockford upon the evil of carrying this affair to a termination, which must almost inevitably result in murder, on account of my poor target practice.

Crockford said:

"'There ain't no particular reason for fighting, if he will appolergize fer strikin' that blow, but he's got ter do it, and got ter do it humble, too, or else let him git hold of his rifle. I won't say no more.'

"I impatiently waived to Dalziel to desist and signed to Mottram to proceed with the necessary preliminaries. Taking the two rifles from our hands he pressed, one by one, into the magazines of each of them seven cartridges.

"'Now,' said he, when this was done, 'you, Crockford, are well posted as to how these affairs are managed here, but for fear that you'—turning to me—'may not be so well acquainted with them I will tell yer the conditions. These two rifles will be laid down on the middle of the road, where it goes over the plain in a straight line, they will be placed over two hundred yards apart, and you will stand each beside his gun. We, that is, Dalziel and myself, will stand between you and to one side. When I throw my hat up you are each at liberty to get your gun and make the best use of it again one another. You may stand and fire, or lay down and fire as you please. You kin run in on one another, or if either of you chooses, he kin run back. There's plenty of road, too; each of you has about fifty miles of straight travelin' behind him if he don't like the looks of things in front; but neither of you must leave the road, and the seven shots in each of guns must decide the affair, hit or miss. Mind, if these conditions are broken by either man, me and Dalziel here are to see fair play, and we have guns, and will use them, too. Without another word we all left the store, and the seconds, placing the rifles on the road beside Crockford and myself, retired to the little hillock to give the signal.

"'I perhaps ought to give you a description of my feelings at that moment, but really I can hardly do so, nor do I remember any very predominant emotion, save that I felt a sort of stony calm, mixed with a strong desire to draw a bead on that figure standing quietly beside his weapon some two hundred yards away.

"'As I before told you, I, had laid down my method of proceeding, and the basis of it was to remain on the defensive, for I felt sure that Crockford, despising my abilities with the Winchester, would advance upon me, nor was I at all mistaken; directly the signal was given he seized his rifle and almost instantly discharging a shot, which passed within a foot of me, he started on a zigzag run toward me. Meanwhile I had gone down flat on the road, bringing my rifle to bear upon him, and getting sight after he had run in perhaps fifty yards, I fired my first shot.

"'I shot primarily to stop him, of course, if I could, but also with the intention of throwing a thin cloud of smoke immediately in front of me, beneath which I could again take sight. The day was still, bright and warm, and far away along the road behind Crockford a little white puff of dust told me that I had missed my man. Jerking the lever of the rifle forward and back to its place again, I had my second shot ready for delivery. This time I waited, judging that when he came to a stop, either to lie down, or stand, I should have the best chance I was likely to get, but still my rifle muzzle followed his every movement. On he came, till less than one hundred yards separated us; dropping on his hands and knees, he was just reaching the prone position, when once more my rifle rang out. This time I did not see the puff of dust, betokening a miss, for I had no time to speculate results, but hugging the ground closely, I jerked the empty cartridge out and got another into its place.

"'Zip came a bullet not three inches from my cheek, and again, as I brought my gun up, another struck the road almost straight in front of me and tore its way through the cloth of my coat on the arm. This shot nearly blinded me and rendered it impossible for me to return the fire effectively for the dust, and so I might say for the next two, as both being in front and fortunately a little to one side I absolutely could not see even the end of my own rifle. In a few seconds the dust was cleared sufficiently to allow me dimly to sight my opponent. My finger had almost pressed the trigger when somehow or other I seemed to feel that I need not shoot. There was no motion about my adversary, nor was his face visible, and even at that distance I could see that his rifle was not in position, but was grasped in his right hand wide out from his body. I kept my rifle on him, hesitating what to do. He still had two shots in his magazine, and I had a right to fire on him and make certain; but still, as I say, I hesitated. As I did so Mottram waved me to hold my fire, and leaving their position on the hill the two seconds ran hastily to the silent figure in front of me. A wave of the hand released me from suspense and informed me that the duel was over. On reaching Crockford I found him insensible from pain and loss of blood. My second shot had struck him fair on the left shoulder, shattering the bone at the joint in a terrible manner and flooding the road with blood. Even then the man had, before insensibility set in, managed, goodness knows how, to send those four bullets in rapid succession, any one of which, had it been three inches truer, would have killed or badly wounded me. We got him to the store and Dalziel, who possessed some surgical skill, managed to stanch the flowing blood, and in a day or two he was pronounced out of any absolute danger of his life. Recover he did, although it was three months before he could leave his berth. As the ranch had passed into my hands during that time I saw that he was properly attended to, but when he was able to travel I directed that he be paid up all wages and given an extra $50, but ordered that he be discharged from the employ. You see, my life felt very unsafe while he was within fifty miles. I heard that he ultimately recovered the use of his arm, but it was a long time before it was anything like sound.

"Little more remains to be told, excepting that I gave Dalziel a hundred dollars for that Winchester as a souvenir of the affair."

"But, Mr. Crompton," said I, "how on earth did you manage to make such a good shot at your man on your second attempt when, as you pointed out, you shot so badly at the box lid. Was it simply a fluke?"

Compton looked at me rather curiously and said:

"I notice that you sometimes play at whist, but I don't perceive that you let the adversaries see your hand. It is true that I was never within five feet of the box lid, but then you see I never shot at that lid at all. I aimed at a dozen different parts of the shanty, knots, blotches on the wood, etc., but never at the lid. Knowing what I was shooting at, I was satisfied, because all my shots were within six to ten inches of where I aimed them, and of course, the others thought I was blazing away at the lid all the time, though, mind, I never said so, and Crockford naturally got the impression that I was a very bad shot from what the others told him. I rather expected the result would be that way, and it was unlucky for Crockford."—San Francisco Examiner.

Detecting a Malingerer.

The person who shams sickness or a bodily defect or injury is technically known as a malingerer. Malingering as a fine art has caused the accident insurance companies much trouble and expense first and last, but the progress of science makes it easier year by year to detect cases of malingering and to baffle the unholy schemes of those that indulge in it. A remarkable case of such detection is related of a man who claimed an injury while at work which had caused him to loose the sight of his left eye. The case was brought to trial, and an eminent oculist proved him a perjurer. Knowing that colors red and green make black, the specialist introduced a back card on which were a few words written with red ink. The supposed one-eyed man was then directed to put on a pair of spectacles with two different glasses, the one for the left eye consisting of ordinary glass, while the one for the right eye being red. He was then handed the card and told to read what was written on it. He did this without hesitation and the cheat was exposed. The members of the jury tried the glasses, and on covering up the plain glass over the left eye they could not read the writing, the green ink and the red glass making the entire card appear black. The man had read the writing with his pretended sightless left eye. —Views.

Eggs Forty Years Old.

Dr. C. D. McCoy is exhibiting an egg which he says is forty years of age. It weighs 231 grains, while a sound one weighs 1,100 grains. It was brought to my office by Mrs. Norman Wall of Silvercreek, who tells the following story: Forty years ago her husband built his house. He began it in the fall and finished it in the spring. Last week a large piece of plastering fell from the wall, and Mr. Norman, upon going to repair the damage, discovered a nest full of eggs, which had lain securely hidden and protected for the last forty years.—Cincinnati Commercial Tribune.

Electric Lights for Mail Carriers.

The Belfast (Me.) letter carriers claim they are the first in the country to use electric lights in delivering their mail. They use a small lantern fastened to their breasts, which is lighted by a small battery carried in their pockets. The lights last two hours.—Boston Globe.

WHAT HE REALLY NEEDS.

William J. Bryan—I am for free wool.
The American Sheep.—You need protection.

INDIAN COTTONS.

AMERICAN GROWERS AND MANUFACTURERS INTERESTED IN THE ORIENT

Enormous Increase of Indian Cotton Mills—Her Manufacturers Sell in Chinese and Japanese Markets—Industries Employing 140,000 Cheap Labor Hands.

The more we study the actual facts of Oriental industrial enterprise the more convincing is the proof supplied for the necessity of a tariff that will protect American industries. Take, for instance, the progress of cotton manufacturing in India, within the last thirty years, which is clearly given in the following exhibit taken from Indian official sources:

PROGRESS OF INDIAN COTTON MILLS.

Year ending June 30.	No. of mills.	Number of spindles.	Number of looms.	Average daily hands.	Quantity of cotton consumed. Cwts.
1876....	47	1,100,112	9,139	.....	.....
1879....	56	1,452,794	13,0 8	42,914	936,547
188?....	65	1,620,814	14,172	48,467	1,391,467
1885....	87	2,145,645	16,537	67,185	2,088,621
1888....	114	2,448,891	19,495	82,379	2,754,437
1891....	134	3,351,694	24,531	111,014	4,126,171
1894....	142	3,619,733	31,154	139,461	4,278,778
1895....	148	3,809,329	35,338	138,619	4,695,999

The development of India's cotton manufacturing industry has been regular and uninterrupted, and it will be noted that it increased nearly as much in the last year, from 1894 to 1895, as it did in the three preceding years from 1891 to 1894. An industry that gives employment to nearly 140,000 persons, and uses a million bales (in our measurement) of cotton every year, cuts an important figure as a producing factor. This is evident from the exports of raw cotton from India, which have decreased by forty per cent. in quantity since 1890-91, while the foreign supply of cotton imported, which is insignificant as compared with the total quantity used, has also diminished considerably. These figures are as follows:

INDIAN EXPORTS AND IMPORTS OF COTTON.

Year.	Exports, cwts.	Imports, pounds.
1884-85.....	5,069,713	7,623,728
1887-88.....	5,371,856	6,123,936
1890-91.....	5,921,987	9,434,432
1892-4.....	4,794,152	10,589,104
1894-95.....	3,386,618	8,733,424

As a study of the imports of cotton twist, yarn and piece goods is also necessary in order to complete the exhibit of India's cotton trade we present them briefly, covering the last decade:

INDIAN IMPORTS OF COTTON TWIST, YARN AND PIECE GOODS.

Fiscal year.	Twist and yarn, pounds.	Piece goods, Yards.	Number.
1885....	44,799,637	1,784,098,073	13,997,942
188?....	51,542,549	1,839,118,352	17,745,430
1891....	50,970,950	2,014,413,088	18,893,296
1892....	50,404,318	1,882,881,360	16,428,040
1893....	38,276,545	1,808,340,594	15,481,430
1894....	42,806,991	2,129,704,904	19,865,078
1895....	41,482,747	2,257,678,930	13,683,201

This shows a decrease of twenty per cent. in India's imports of cotton twist and yarn since 1888, and a decrease of more than twenty per cent. in the number of piece goods since 1891 and of more than thirty per cent. since 1894. The number of yards of piece goods imported, however, shows an increase. We regret being unable to present the quantities of Indian cotton twist, yarn and manufactured goods that are exported, such statistics being unavailable; but we have the following showing of their value:

VALUE OF INDIA'S EXPORTS OF COTTON GOODS.
(In Tens of Rupees.)

Fiscal year.	Twist and yarn.	Manufactures.
1885.....	2,506,617	2,080,017
1888.....	4,146,731	2,798,854
1891.....	6,627,165	2,869,768
1892.....	5,884,638	3,081,768
1893.....	6,864,304	3,060,054
1894.....	5,050,099	2,914,356
1895.....	5,783,626	3,599,834

While these figures do not enable us to form an accurate idea of the increased quantities of manufactured cotton goods that were exported from India last year, owing to the heavy fall in values, still the gain of twenty per cent. in 1895 is as much an evidence of progress in that country's foreign trade as is the gain in the establishment of new mills. All of these facts are of direct interest to American cotton manufacturers, whether in the North or South.

SOUTH AFRICA WAGES.

Carpenters Earn $5 a Day, and Are in Steady Demand.

South Africa, the civilized part of it, that is, has a good steady demand for skilled labor. An American recently arrived from there says that good carpenters get $5 a day, and good bricklayers and plasterers $4 a day. A good smith can earn about $30 a week in the mines sharpening drills. This is the scale of prices in Johannesburg, and is subject to a general lowering, as the arrivals in the city from foreign parts amount to about 400 each week.

American Horses in England.

The exportation of American horses to England has more than doubled within the last three years.

British Shoddy Practices.

The Textile Mercury of Manchester, in its issue of August 8th, published an article on "Irish Moss for Sizing and Finishing." It said: "Its good qualities in the industrial, and especially in the textile, arts are hardly sufficiently appreciated. * * * The mercantile product is foliaceous, crisp, whitish, odorless, tasteless, and mucilaginous, and a strong decoction gelatinizes on cooling. It possesses adhesive and stiffening powers, and dries down on the fiber, which it will not injure, nor will it change sensitive colors."

But is there any real necessity to use this "strong decoction" which "gelatinizes" and is "adhesive and stiffening" when applied to textiles? Certainly not, and all that can be claimed for its "good qualities" is that it helps considerably to blind and deceive the inexperienced who thinks he is buying a real fabric for a shoddy one. American manufacturers have, thus far, tried hard to put the genuine article before the American public; and the "good qualities" of American wool need no "strong decoction" to "gelatinize" and make "adhesive and stiffening" in order to deceive the public. Bryan's ideas of "free wool" and "free trade" need indeed some "gelatinizing, adhesive and stiffening" qualities, for like these Irish moss littered fabrics, they are weak and shoddied and altogether unable to stand an American blizzard. McKinley favors true-blooded American wool, which can afford to do without every element of sham, shoddy and adulteration.

Henry Clay's Truth.

"The greatest want of civilized society is a market for the sale and exchange of the surplus of the produce of the labor of its members. This market may exist at home or abroad, or both; but it must exist somewhere if society prospers."—Henry Clay.

This is so plain and evident a fact that even the free traders recognize the truth of it. Because they recognized the truth of it, they promised us, in 1893, the "markets of the world" under free trade. That sounded well at least. They had not learned what Henry Clay knew in 1824, when the resources of this country had hardly been developed, that "the home market is first in order and paramount in importance." Still they had learned, and had recognized that we must have a market somewhere. But, according to that very test, thus recognized by themselves, free trade fails. Free trade does not give us a market anywhere. It takes away from American producers their home market and gives them nothing in return. Four years' experience under the administration of the free trade party has been enough to convince the great majority of the people, at least, of that fact.

True American Spirit.

The protective tariff system in America is older than the United States Government. Before the Constitution was adopted individual States tried to secure protection for home industries. Voluntary associations were entered into for the same purpose, and public meetings were held in order to guide public sentiment. At such a meeting in Boston the merchants passed a resolution calling upon the people not to buy or use British goods imported in British ships. The mechanics of Boston were even more clear sighted and went farther. They insisted in their resolutions that such goods ought not to be bought or consumed at all. This was the spirit of the people before the adoption of the Constitution; this was the spirit of the people at the time of the adoption of the Constitution. This was the spirit of the first Congress of the United States, which made its first bill a bill for the protection of American industries. It was a pretty good spirit, too, and it is just as good now as it was then.

Support for Sailors.

The more we ship American goods abroad in foreign vessels, the more gold we send out of the country. With American ships sailing to every port in the universe we would retain our freight money at home, encourage the building of American vessels, circulate more wages among American sailors, expand the market for American lumber, iron and steel, stimulate the demand for American labor, increase the consumption of American farm products, start more busy bees humming around the hive of American industry, increase American prosperity and promote our National independence. What's the matter with trying the policy of protection to American shipping?

Try and Help.

We can all help to keep the mills running by buying only goods that are of American manufacture.

MACEO REPORTED DEAD.

The Cuban Leader Said to Have Been Slain in Battle.

HIS ALLEGED BODY IDENTIFIED.

The Spaniards Claim to Have Found Maceo's Diary and the Body of Gomez's Son---Ground for Believing That the Rumor Is False---Brave Insurgents Had Just Crossed the Spanish Trocha.

HAVANA, Cuba (By Cable).—It is announced in most positive terms by the Spanish authorities that Antonio Maceo, the great insurgent leader and the heart and soul of the Cuban cause, has been killed in Havana Province, after having effected the passage of the Western trocha near Mariel at its northern extremity. With the Cuban leader died the youth Francisco Gomez, son of Maximo Gomez, who accompanied the mulatto general on his passage of the trocha.

Most explicit details of the finding of the corpses of the fallen Cubans and of the facts relied upon for their identification are at hand through the report of the Spanish commander, Major Cirujeda, who lately contested the passage of the trocha unsuccessfully with Maceo, and who sustained another conflict with the forces under the insurgent leader. It was in a reconnoissance after the

GENERAL ANTONIO MACEO.
The Cuban insurgent leader reported dead on the field of battle.

engagement that the Spaniards found the two corpses, not separated in death, which they have identified as those of Antonio Maceo and Francisco Gomez.

Major Cirujeda, of the Spanish Army, having received information that insurgents had arrived near Punta Brava, in the Havana Province, started, with his command, in the direction in which they were believed to be. The Spanish troops met the main body of the insurgents, 2000 strong, at San Pedro, and engaged them in battle.

The insurgents entrenched themselves behind stone fences, where they held their positions until nightfall, when they were dislodged and compelled to retire. The Spaniards then returned to Punta Brava. They lost in the fight three privates killed and three Lieutenants and twenty-eight privates wounded. Over forty of the insurgents were left dead upon the field.

There was found among the dead insurgents the body of a well dressed man, on which there were documents which led to the belief that the dead man was the son of Maximo Gomez. Among the papers found was one on which, written with a lead pencil, was a confession that the writer had committed suicide rather than abandon the body of Antonio Maceo. The war diary of Maceo was also found. In it there is an entry which says the insurgents crossed the trocha on December 4.

It is concluded from these circumstances that Maceo was killed in the engagement with Major Cirujeda's command. The news of his death has caused the greatest kind of a sensation in Havana.

The loyalists are jubilant, believing that with the killing of Maceo a blow has been struck at the rebellion that will result in its speedy suppression. The insurgent sympathizers, though they dare not give public expression to their views, apparently feel very despondent over the loss of the leader, though a considerable number of them place little reliance in the news.

Though the Spaniards are confident that Maceo is really dead, some of the Cubans profess to believe that the finding of the confession and the diary was due to a trick of the insurgents to delude the Spanish into the belief that Maceo was killed, while he pursued his plan of reaching Gomez.

THE FALLEN HERO.

Sketch of the Life of Antonio Maceo, the Great Cuban Patriot.

Major-General Antonio Maceo had been the most conspicuous of the Cuban leaders, with the exception of General Gomez. He was a member of General Gomez's staff during the ten years' war, and during that period was in command of large bodies of insurgents in the Department of the Oriente. He was a son of Mariana Grajales and Marcos Maceo, mulattoes, who owned a plantation in Santiago de Cuban Province.

He was in Costa Rica when the present revolution broke out, and he, with his brother, Jose, joined an expedition which set out from Port Limon on March 28, 1895, on the steamer Adirondack. A Spanish man-of-war pursued the steamer for eight hours, and at last the leaders were compelled to land on Fortune Island, one of the West India Islands.

Thence Maceo and other leaders made their way to Cuba in the schooner Honor, and the General was placed in command of the Cuban forces of his native province, some seven thousand in number, pending the arrival of General Gomez. Several reports of his defeat by the Spanish followed. Once it was said that he had killed himself. Again last February, when he captured the town of Jaruco, it was reported that he had been killed and his body identified. It was at the time said that his saddle, bearing the initials "A. M.," had fallen into the hands of the Spanish. He has been reported killed ten times.

General Maceo had ten brothers, who were nearly all either killed or disabled fighting against the Spaniards.

Death of the Largest Land Owner.

William Drury, the largest land owner in the United States, died at his home in New Boston, Ill., aged eighty years. Mr. Drury was a multi-millionaire, his landed possessions extending into thousands of acres in various parts of the South and West, principally in Nebraska, Colorado and Texas. He leaves no heir except his widow.

Report on the Census.

Labor Commissioner Wright, in his report to Congress, advocates the establishment of a permanent census bureau, and says that the census should be taken at least every five years.

Murdered His Wife After Fifty Years.

Elton Deacon, an old and prosperous farmer, living four miles northeast of Argos, Ind., murdered his wife and then committed suicide by drowning himself in a shallow water tank used at his barn for watering stock. Deacon was seventy-four years old and his wife a little younger. They had been married fifty years and had a family of grown-up children.

Escaped Hanging by Poison.

At Wilkesbarre, Penn., Abram Eckert, who was to have been hanged for the murder of Frederick T. Bittenbender on July 7, 1895, took poison in his cell on the morning of the execution.

POSTOFFICE'S GROWTH.

Postmaster-General Wilson's Annual Report Tells of the Great Service Rendered.

WASHINGTON, D. C. (Special).—Postmaster-General Wilson, in his annual report, depicts the growth of the postal service from an organization of seventy-five postmasters in the first year of Washington's Administration, and a mail service costing $32,000, confined to the carriage of letters, to an organization of over 70,000 postmasters and a service costing $92,000,000, open to the transmission of almost all kinds of matter.

POSTMASTER-GENERAL WILSON.

His recommendations refer to the need of inspectors for carrier service as well as for the reorganization of that branch of the department, while close attention is given to the comparatively small details of the service. The experiment of free delivery in towns and villages has not achieved success, says the Postmaster-General, and the results of free rural delivery are yet incomplete.

The net receipts to the revenues of the department from the money order business, domestic and international, during the year were $886,185.07, an increase of $74,147.97. Of these receipts, $730,646.06 were from domestic money orders and $155,538.41 from international orders.

No effort has been spared to increase the service and facilities in the Star Route, which serve the rural population of the country so as to extend a daily service as far as practicable to every locality in the United States. Twelve thousand and ninety appointments were made during the year.

A creditable showing in the handling of registered mails is made, the number of complaints on this score received during the year being only 5817. There were 64,613 complaints received during the year as to ordinary mail. Of this number 31,813 referred to letters and 29,060 to packages.

CLEVELAND TO CRESPO.

He Writes to Venezuela's President, Highly Praising the Treaty.

At Caracas, Venezuela, the Government publishes a personal letter from President Cleveland to President Crespo, in regard to the Guiana boundary treaty, which has been agreed upon between Mr. Olney, the American Secretary of State, and Lord Salisbury, the British Prime Minister.

PRESIDENT CRESPO, OF VENEZUELA.

The reply of President Crespo is also published and the Venezuelan public has thus been made aware of the steps that led up to this country's acquiescence in the arrangement.

In his letter Mr. Cleveland commended the terms of treaty to the chief executive or Venezuela and with many expressions of international courtesy advises its acceptance as the best possible solution to all concerned of the long pending question.

President Crespo answers in cordial, but diplomatic, terms. He expresses the gratitude of his Government and people toward the United States and adds the belief that the Congress of Venezuela will undoubtedly give the treaty the attention that it deserves.

SECRETARY OLNEY'S REPORT.

Why the Tonnage Tax Has Been Reimposed Upon German Vessels.

The report of the Secretary of State, to which President Cleveland refers in his message to Congress, states that "the relations of the United States with foreign Powers continue upon that footing of harmony and friendliness which has been their fortunate characteristic for so many years."

In respect to the reimposition of the tonnage tax on German shipping the report says that after an investigation, which showed that port dues were being collected in German ports on every American vessel, the United States Ambassador at Berlin was asked for an explanation, which when made was not deemed satisfactory.

The stringent measures adopted by Germany "on assumed grounds of public health," against the importation of American cattle and meat products, have not been ameliorated, but on the contrary the disposition of Germany to still further impede this legitimate traffic has been evidenced by fresh restrictive measures.

The statement is added that "continuing endeavors have been made to secure for American life insurance companies doing business in Prussia a hearing in remonstrance against the restrictions sought to be imposed upon them, and fair prospects exist of the ultimate removal of the interdiction."

Spain Not Pleased.

Spain was displeased with President Cleveland's references to Cuba in his message.

Caucus of Republican Senators.

The caucus of Republican United States Senators in Washington referred the Dingley bill to the Steering Committee. This, it is believed, destroys all chance of the passage of the bill at the short session. Senator Dubois, of Idaho; Cannon, of Utah; Mantle, of Montana; Pettigrew, of North Dakota, and Squire, of Washington, refused to attend the caucus. Senator Dubois resigned as Secretary of the caucus.

Revolution in Uruguay Ends.

The revolution in Uruguay, according to a cable despatch from Montevideo, has been suppressed by the Government.

Massacred by Spain's Soldiers.

A massacre of insurgent prisoners in the island of Luzon, Philippine Islands, is announced in an official despatch from Manila. Several prisoners had succeeded in escaping from the fortress of Cavite, the fortified seaport of Luzon. The fugitives were pursued by the troops, and the soldiers killed sixty of them in the streets.

Explosion Killed Seven.

The main boiler of the Wilcox Lumber Company's mills, at Seville, Ga., exploded killing one white employe, a tramp and five colored employes. Every one at the scene of the accident was killed, and no one is left who knows anything about the accident.

THE NEWS EPITOMIZED.

Washington Items.

Attorney-General Harmon argued in the United States Supreme Court that the Anti-Trust law applies to traffic agreements by railroad companies.

A building for permanent Republican National headquarters in Washington was selected by Chairman Hanna.

Representative Wilbur, of New York, is preparing a bill to impose a duty of $100 on each male immigrant.

The War Department has made awards of contracts for building coast defense works as follows: For gun and mortar battery emplacements in San Diego (Cal.) harbor, to the California Construction Company, at $109,417; for like emplacements on Dutch Island, Newport harbor, R. I., to Robert M. Dudley, for $56,967; for emplacements on Sullivan Island, Charleston harbor, S. C., to Jacob Friday & Sons, at $110,813.

The General Pension Appropriation bill and three postal bills were passed in the House.

Attorney-General Harmon made an argument in the United States Supreme Court against the combination of railroads known as the Trans-Missouri Freight Association as a violation of the Anti-Trust law.

S. W. Woodward declined the appointment as Chairman of the Committee of Arrangements for President-elect McKinley's inauguration, and C. J. Bell, President of the American Security and Trust Company, of Washington, has accepted the honor. General Horace Porter, of New York, was appointed Marshal of the inauguration parade.

In a report submitted to Congress with the President's Message, Secretary Olney gave an exhaustive review of this Government's relations to the Cuban and Venezuelan troubles.

Ambassador Bayard has notified the State Department in Washington that he has declined to receive the testimonial proposed by the London Daily Telegraph.

Charles Wilson and Louis Milligan, who are wanted in Plainfield, N. J., for stealing $5000, were arrested in Washington, and confessed to squandering the money.

Domestic.

Colonel A. K. McClure, editor of the Philadelphia Times, was the guest of honor at a banquet in Philadelphia to commemorate the fiftieth anniversary of his entrance into journalism.

Much comment was caused by the action of the New York Board of Aldermen in practically voting away a gas franchise for a bonus of $15,000 and a hazy promise.

There is an alleged shortage of about $17.0 in the Waterloo (N. Y.) Postoffice, of which D. S. R. Welles is Postmaster. Edson M. Drake, Deputy-Postmaster, was arrested and taken to Auburn. Some say the charge against Drake is embezzlement, while others say it is perjury.

In attempting to cross the Verdigris River, four miles north of Muskogee, Indian Territory, Will Wade and two McKnap girls, all colored, were drowned by the boat overturning.

Two highwaymen attempted to hold up the agent of the Milwaukee road at Fairfax, Iowa, when the agent opened fire, instantly killing one of the men and wounding the other.

At Milwaukee, Wis., Willis A. Meyer's large department store was seized by Under Sheriff Armour on attachments aggregating $58,921.09. Later Meyer made an assignment to George Koch. The assets were $170,000 to $200,000, and liabilities about $100,000.

The Kentucky Court of Appeals has affirmed the sentence of death pronounced against Scott Jackson at Covington, Ky., for the murder of Pearl Bryan. The Governor will fix the date of execution.

At Seattle, Wash., the United States District Judge decreed the forfeiture of the schooner James G. Swan for violation of the laws governing sealing.

The Utah State Board of Canvassers were enjoined from acting on the returns of the recent election; the case will be argued before the State Supreme Court.

Raymond Christman, a wealthy married man of Amsterdam, N. Y., erected a costly monument to Florence Hann, now serving a life sentence for murdering Charles Landry, for whom she had left her husband. Christman says she is dying.

Colonel John R. Fellows, District Attorney of New York County, died from a cancerous tumor of the stomach after an illness of several days. His first assistant, Vernon M. Davis, was placed in charge of his office by the General Sessions Judges.

President-elect McKinley, surrounded by a group of friends, read the President's Message in his home at Canton, Ohio, but made no comments upon it.

At Menlo Park, N. J., by the aid of X-rays Thomas A. Edison focused the electric pressing on the optic nerve of a blind girl. Surgeons removed the clot and it was said sight was restored.

A railroad collision occurred at Salemsville, Ohio, between the Aurora accommodation, eastbound, and the officers' special inspection train, by which three persons were killed and several injured. The killed are: John Price, fireman of the accommodation train; Horner Dixon, fireman of the special train; P. L. Zippernick, civil engineer, of North Bend.

Five colored men, it is reported, were killed and a number of others injured by a volley of bullets fired at them from ambush as they were at work on the Cotton Belt Railroad, in a jungle, near Malvern, Ark. Ill feeling has long existed between the gangs of colored people and the whites employed in the lumber camps.

The two black bears which have been terrorizing the settlement of Germania, N. J., have been killed. It took five shots to kill both brutes. These are the first bears killed in New Jersey forests since 1884. The farmers and numerous gunners are jubilant over the killing of the bears.

William Jabs, of Hoboken, N. J., committed suicide by shooting himself in the head, after telling a policeman he was going to kill himself. The policeman thought he was merely indulging in a drunken jest, and took no steps to restrain him.

Tramps, angered by the refusal of two sisters, at Shelbyville, Ind., to give them food and shelter, set the house afire. The house was destroyed and one of the sisters, Miss Mary Leech, received fatal injuries.

The Rockefellers will build the largest steel plant in the country in South Chicago, Ill.

In Brooklyn Annie Decker, twelve years old, took a fatal dose of carbolic acid because her mother had scolded her.

Miss Etoel Hover secured a judgment of $195 against the trustees of the Pleasant Plains (N. Y.) School, who discharged her without cause.

Albert F. Lovejoy, for twenty-eight years head porter of the Fifth Avenue Hotel, committed suicide in New York City.

Foreign Notes.

The Treasury of Bolivia is said to be in a lamentable state, and the Bolivian Congress has authorized the Government to raise the import duties twenty-four per cent.

Miss Lucy Follett Uhl, daughter of the United States Ambassador to Germany, was married in Berlin to Guy V. Thompson, of Yale University. The ceremony was private, but was very brilliant.

President Cleveland's message has created great excitement in Madrid; it it felt that Spain's relations with the United States may be modified.

A Mexican cable despatch from Montevideo, Uruguay, states that the federal troops have again been defeated, and that great alarm exists in Montevideo, where many dynamite bombs have been found.

The Barron Block on St. James street, Montreal, Canada, was burned. The loss was nearly $500,000.

The five editors on trial in Berlin, Germany, for libeling the Minister of Foreign Affairs were found guilty.

The employers in Hamburg, Germany, again refused to submit their dispute with the striking dock laborers to arbitration.

The steamship Bazon arrived at Havana, Cuba, from Spain with reinforcements of 1860 troops. Three of the men died while on the way over and six were suffering from smallpox when the steamer reached port. The troops were received by a committee of citizens and by the military authorities.

It was announced in Constantinople that England and Russia had entered into an agreement for enforcing reforms in Turkey.

It is reported in London that Ambassador Bayard has decl ned to accept the gift proposed by the Daily Telegraph.

SIMMONS LIVER REGULATOR

ASK the recovered dyspeptics, bilious sufferers, victims of fever and ague, the mercurial diseased patient, how they recovered health, cheerful spirits and good appetite; they will tell you by taking SIMMONS LIVER REGULATOR.

The Cheapest, Purest and Best Family Medicine in the World!

For DYSPEPSIA, CONSTIPATION, Jaundice, Bilious attacks, SICK HEADACHE, Colic, Depression of Spirits, SOUR STOMACH, Heartburn, etc. This unrivalled remedy is warranted not to contain a single particle of MERCURY, or any mineral substance, but is

PURELY VEGETABLE,

containing those Southern Roots and Herbs which an all-wise Providence has placed in countries where Liver Diseases most prevail. **It will cure all Diseases caused by Derangement of the Liver and Bowels.**

The SYMPTOMS of Liver Complaint are a bitter or bad taste in the mouth; Pain in the Back, Sides or Joints, often mistaken for Rheumatism; **Sour Stomach**; Loss of Appetite; Bowels alternately costive and lax; Headache; Loss of Memory, with a painful sensation of having failed to do something which ought to have been done; **Debility; Low Spirits**, a thick yellow appearance of the Skin and Eyes, a dry Cough often mistaken for Consumption.

Sometimes many of these symptoms attend the disease, at others very few; but the LIVER is generally the seat of the disease, and if not Regulated in time, **great suffering**, wretchedness and **DEATH** will ensue.

The following highly esteemed persons attest to the virtues of Simmons Liver Regulator: Gen. W. S. Holt, Pres. Ga. S. W. R. R. Co.; Rev. J. R. Felder, Perry, Ga.; Col. R. K. Sparks, Albany, Ga.; C. Masterson, Esq., Sheriff Bibb Co., Ga.; Hon. Alexander H. Stephens.

"We have tested its virtues, personally, and know that for Dyspepsia, Biliousness and Throbbing Headache it is the best medicine the world ever saw. We tried forty other remedies before Simmons Liver Regulator, but none gave us more than temporary relief; but the Regulator not only relieved, but cured us."—ED. TELEGRAPH AND MESSENGER, Macon, Ga.

MANUFACTURED ONLY BY
J. H. ZEILIN & CO., Philadelphia, Pa.

Norfolk and Southern R. R.

Schedule in effect Aug. 17, 1896.

Norfolk & Southern R. R. Mail and Express trains, Southbound, daily (except Sundays), leave Elizabeth City, at 11:40, A. M., and at 6:40 P. M. Northbound, daily, except Sundays leave Elizabeth City at 2:45 P. M., and 10:00 P. M. The trains arrive at and depart from Norfolk & Western depot, Norfolk; connect at Norfolk with all Rail and Steamer lines, and at Edenton with Steamer for Roanoke, Cashie, Chowan and Scuppernong rivers; transfer steamers to Mackey's Ferry, thence by Norfolk & Southern R. R. to Pantego and Belhaven, connecting with steamer Virginia Dare for Makeleyville, Aurora, Washington and all intermediate landings.

EASTERN CAROLINA DISPATCH AND OLD DOMINION LINE.

The steamer Neuse leaves Elizabeth City Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 6:20 P. M., for Newbern, connecting with the A. & N. C. R. R. for Goldsboro, Kinston and Morehead City, and with the W. N. & N. R. R. for Jacksonville, Wilmington, N. C., etc. Returning, leave Newbern Monday, Wednesday and Friday, stopping at Roanoke Island and Ocracoke going and returning.

Tickets on sale at Elizabeth City Station to Roanoke Island, Ocracoke, Nowberne, Kinston, Goldsboro, Morehead City and Wilmington.

Daily all rail service between Elizabeth City and New York, Philadelphia, Baltimore and Norfolk.

Through cars and as low rates and quicker time than by any other route.

Direct all goods to be shipped via Eastern Carolina Dispatch as follows: From Norfolk by Norfolk & Southern railroad; Baltimore, by P. W. & B. R. R., President street station; Philadelphia, Pennsylvania R. R., Dock Street Station; New York, by Pennsylvania R. R., Pier 27 North River, and Old Dominion Line.

For further information apply to M. H. Snowden, Agent, Elizabeth City, or to the General Office of the Norfolk & Southern R. R. Company, Norfolk, Va.

M. K. KING, Gen'l Manag'r. H. C. HUDGINS, Gen'l Ft. & Pass'r Agt.

GEORGE W. BELL,

Gun-Smith,

At the Old Stand on Road Street,

ELIZ. CITY, NORTH CAROLINA

Wood for Sale.

I have opened a WOOD YARD at the Poindexter Creek Bridge and keep a good supply of good wood on hand. Will sell by the load or cord and will saw and deliver when desired.

W. H. STARK.

FRED DAVS

DEALER IN

COAL.

Coal of all sizes and of best quality constantly on hand. All orders promptly are filled

☞ All coal is screened before leaving the yard. Lowest prices guaranteed.

FRED. H. ZIEGLER,

Successor to John H. Ziegler,

Dealer in all Kinds of

Undertakers' Supplies,

From the Cheapest to the Best. All telegrams promptly attended to.

CRAPES AND COOLING BOARDS,

when desired. The finest Hearse in the section. Rosewood, Walnut, Cloth covered and Metalic Caskets a specialty At the old stand on Ehringhaus Street. ☞ All kinds of Cabinet Work done.

GROVES

TASTELESS

CHILL TONIC

IS JUST AS GOOD FOR ADULTS.

WARRANTED. PRICE 50 cts.

GALATIA, ILLS., Nov. 16, 1893.

Paris Medicine Co., St. Louis, Mo.

Gentlemen:—We sold last year, 600 bottles of GROVE'S TASTELESS CHILL TONIC and have bought three gross already this year. In all our experience of 14 years, in the drug business, have never sold an article that gave such universal satisfaction as your Tonic. Yours truly,

ALLEN, GARR & CO.

The North Carolinian

Published Every Wednesday

THE OFFICIAL ORGAN OF BOTH THE CITY AND THE COUNTY.

For terms and advertising rates see first page.

Communications relative to and of interest in the Albemarle District solicited from all quarters.

THE MESSAGE.

President Cleveland's message is a long one, containing 16,000 words. It is his last, and, in some respects, his best. Still it nowhere rises above the commonplace, nor does it contain any really practical suggestions. As in some of his previous messages, his feeling crops out in numerous points that, as a cotemporary puts it, "he is the Whole Thing." Indeed, as one reads it the impression is made that he thinks the Nation should peruse his ponderous periods with a sense of sorrow that this is his farewell message to Congress and the people.

It has been always one of President Cleveland's weaknesses to take himself entirely too seriously, and to imagine that his views and opinions are held by the masses pretty much as were the utterances of the oracles of old. Perhaps he is too old to change; but this persistent attitude of prophetic wisdom, which long ago earned for him the soubriquet of "The Stuffed Prophet," has always been the theme of popular derision.

WISE RESTING FOR WISE WORKING.

Wise resting is often the best preparation for wise working. There are times when a nap of fifteen minutes would give a preacher or a teacher better preparation for efficient service in his line of working, than would an hour of tired studying. And many a mother who sits up late at night in order to finish her days work would have less work behindhand if she went to bed earlier and waked up fresher. The distinguished Dr. Bushnell once said, in counseling a young pastor as to his studies: "In your studying, work when you work, and rest when you rest. Take hold sharp and let go sharp." There is wisdom in this counsel. It has, in fact, passed into an adage, that "men who are fastest asleep when they are asleep are widest awake when awake."

THE "SOLID SOUTH" BROKEN

The New York "Tribune" says that with a Republican Governor in North Carolina, as well as in Kentucky; with the possibility of a complete overturning of Bourbon rule in Tennessee; with Maryland and Deleware redeemed from Democratic rule, West Virginia in the Republican column to stay and Virginia only saved to the Democracy by the most flagrant frauds; with even Louisina and Texas represented by Republican Congressmen, how absurd it is to talk about the Solid South! The truth is, the "Solid South" has been broken.

CLEVELAND ON TRUSTS.

That is a fantastic by-play of demagogism in the paragraph of the Cleveland message dealing with Trusts. It is true that it does not mean anything; but the President might be innocuous without being ridiculous. It is absurd that Mr. Cleveland, after appointing two Attorneys-General who were eminent Attorneys for successful Corporations, should at this late day roll up his eyes at his mock discovery of the existence of the combinations of capital.

The 21st Annual State Convention of the Young Men's Christian Association will meet at Winston-Salem, on Feb. 19-22. The programme will be one of the strongest ever presented. Delegates from all the Young Men's Christian Associations in the State, and all Christian workers will be welcome. For information, address Mr. F. P. Turner, Charlotte, N. C.

An exchange says that the fact Mr. Bryan has fixed the price of his lectures at $3,000 each and all expenses paid "indicates more sense regarding money than he displayed in his speeches." And when he finds that he will have few calls to lecture at that price Mr. Bryan may realize that he has set a higher value upon his speeches than the public.

The resources of the State, railway stocks and State bonds, are now $3,910,870 at market value, while the liabilities (bonded debt) are $6,360,000,770.

Mr. Cleveland's recognition of the Treasury deficit is shy and evasive, but it will do. The hole is there. The next thing to do is to fill it.

"I am a Democrat, as you know," says Senator Hill, but in fact you do not know what a man is nowadays when he is says he is a Democrat.

It requires two Mexican silver dollars to buy a bushel of wheat. Bryan may talk all he likes, but Prof. Coin has taken to the woods.

Bryan will call his book "The First Battle." Why not christen it "Knocked Out in the First Round?"

The Cuban patriots are not "insurgents," but patriots. Mr. Cleveland got the terms mixed.

WEED OUT POOR STOCK.

It is at all times good policy to get rid of poor stock, but the fall season is especially the one in which to weed out unprofitable animals. The care and cost of wintering poor stock is unprofitable and expensive. Such animals consume more than they are worth in feed before spring weather has put pastures in a condition suitable for turning stock on them. The time for disposing of poor stock is the earliest moment a purchaser for it may be found, or it can be disposed of for the shambles. If a cow is not doing more than paying her way, fit her for the butcher.

THE POPULAR VOTE.

The popular vote for President is ascertained to have been 13,579,638, a gain over 1892 of 1,590,000.

Democrats and Populists polled 376,394 fewer votes in 1896 than they did in 1892.

Four years ago Cleveland's plurality was 380,170. This year McKinley's plurality is about 830,00.

The Sound Money majority, that is the united vote of McKinley and Palmer, is 968,534.

It shows that the American people can be depended on to settle all great questions in the right way.

Representative Patterson, of Memphis, who is a Democrat and a good politician, declares that if gross frauds had not been committed McKinley would have carried Tennessee by 40,000 majority. The honest voters of the State were all right, but they had no show as against the ballot thieves and other rascals.

Cleveland has placed 38,000 Federal officials under the protection of the Civil Servic law during his present term. In other words, he has done a good deal more for his party than it has been able to do for itself in the way of keeping Democrats from being turned out.

A contemporary remarks that with Hawaii on one side, Cuba on the other, and a deficit in his pockets, Uncle Sam has troubles as well as the rest of us who are trying to pull together the money for the Christmas gifts.

One thing that must impress the mind of thoughtful people who have read President Cleveland's message is that his language is even weightier than his opinions. What his style lacks in cheerfulness is fully offset by its redundancy.

We violate no confidence in stating that the people who predict the success of free silver in 1900 are the same ones who were sure of winning on that issue in 1896.

Hon. E. T. Boykin, of Clinton, Superior Court Judge of the Sixth District, has tendered his resignation, to take effect on January 1. Governor Carr has appointed Oliver H. Allen, of Kinston, to succeed him.

Ninety-two cities in which Bryan made speeches during the campaign gave Cleveland a plurality of 155,765 four years ago. At the recent election these same cities gave McKinley a plurality of 450,052.

At all events, Mr. Cleveland will thunder down the ages as the only Democratic President that ever congratulated the country on a Republican victory.

The Dairy products of the country last year were worth $450,000,000. There is no filled-cheese padding in that sort of prosperity.

The Methodist Appointments.

ELIZABETH CITY DISTRICT.

A. P. Tyer, Presiding Elder.
Elizabeth City station—J. H. Hall.
Pasquotank circuit—W. E. Hocutt.
Camden circuit supplied by J. Y. Old.
South Camden circuit—N. H. Guyton.
Currituck circuit—J. H. M. Giles.
Gates circuit—F. B. McCall, C. R. Taylor, sup.
North Gates circuit—C. W. Robinson.
Perquimans circuit—W. C. Merritt.
Hertford station—Oliver Ryder.
Chowan circuit supplied by W. F. Jones.
Edenton station—J. L. Rumley.
Plymouth station—J. L. Cunninggim.
Roper station—J. J. Barker.
Pantego circuit—Y. E. Wright.
Columbia circuit—W. D. Sasser.
Dare circuit—W. Y Everton.
Kitty Hawk circuit supplied by J. W. Gurganous.
Roanoke Island station—G. D. Langston.
Kennekeet circuit—D. A. Watkins.
Hatteras circuit—Samuel Leffers.

Wife of the New Governor.

Hickory Press.

The Bessemer City Messenger said before the election that Mrs. D. L. Russell would make one of the most agreeable and attractive mistresses that ever presided over the Executive Mansion at Raleigh. All those who know Mrs. Russell will acknowledge this to be true. No more courteous, affable and intelligent woman can be found within the limits of the State. The administration of Governor Russell will gain added prestige from its association with such an elegant hostress as Mrs. Russell.

Three years ago Alfred Bevis suddenly appeared on an island in Carteret County and became a hermit. He wore hair and beard very long and said he was from New Jersey, where he had a wife and children from whom he had separated. He died recently. In is effects $1500 was found. His age appeared to be about seventy years.

WASHINGTON LETTER.

(From our Regular Correspondent.)

Washington, Dec. 11, 1896.

Senator Aldrich deserves the thanks of the party and of the country for his promptness in exposing the motive of Senator Allen in moving the Dingley bill be taken up by the Senate, a motion that was adopted. Mr. Aldrich compelled the Populist Senator from Nebraska to admit that he would not vote for the Dingley bill as it passed the House, an admission which he tried to qualify by adding that the bill could be amended so that it would receive his vote and that of other Senators who are not Republicans. The same could be said of any bill, but after it was so amended it would be a long ways from pleasing to Republicans. Mr. Allen's motive was to make mischief, by making it appear to the country that tariff legislation could be had at this session if the Republican Senators desired it; and he knew when he made the motion that the Dingley bill as it now stands does not contain a line relating to the tariff, an amendment having been at the last session adopted providing for the free coinage of silver and striking out the whole bill, excepting the enacting clause, that was passed by the House. This is propably just a taste of what the Republican Senators, helpless because of lack of a majority, will have to contend with during this session of Congress.

The wisdom of the caucus of Republican Senators in deciding not to attempt to make a programme for this session, and in leaving everything to the discretion of the steering committee, is already apparent. There is no use of having a programme unless you also have the power to carry it out. The steering committee, composed of Senators Aldrich, Hale, Allison, McMillan, Cullom, Perkins, Quay, Davis, Hansbrough and Shoup, has the confidence of the party and may be depended upon to accomplish all that can be accomplished under the circumstauces, which at best is not likely to be much.

Although the six bolting Republican Senators—Teller, Pettigrew, Dubois, Cannon, Squire and Mantle—declined to avail themselves of the invitation to attend the caucus of Republican Senators, four out of the five who are in Washington—Mr. Teller hasn't arrived—have declared themselves to still be republicans upon everything except the silver question. Senator Dubois says he is out of the Republican party for good and all, and announces in advance that he would vote against the Dingley bill if it were brought to a vote, and intimates rather strongly that he would vote against angthing that originates on the Republican side of the Senate. It is believed that Mr. Dubois is playing to the prejudices of the anti-republican members of the Idaho Legislature in order to save himself from being retired to private life.

The Republican House is keeping up the record it made at the last session as a business body. It has already passed the pension appropriation bill, a bill allowing the use of private postal cards with one cent stamps used on them, a bill providing for a limited indemnity of $10 for the loss of registered mail matter, a bill authorizing private letter carriers in villages where there is no free delivery, and a number of minor bills including some private pensions.

Speaker Reed and Chairman Hanna met for the first time, in the Speaker's private office at the Capitol, this week, and a very cordial meeting it was on both sides, according to the six or eight prominent Republicans who were present. Mr. Hanna has made many new friends during his short stay in Washington, and some of those who made his acquaintance have a very different idea of the kind of a man he is than they had before coming in contact with him. Although it is the geueral opiniou of those who have talked with Mr. Hanna that he will not be a member of the Cabinet, he expresses such a liking for Washington that some think he will be unable to stand the temptation a four year's residence in the city.

MARVELOUS RESULTS.

From a letter written by Rev. J. Gunderman, of Dimondale, Mich we are permitted to make this extract: "I have no hesitation in recommending Dr. King's New Discovery, as the results were almost marvelous in the case of my wife. While I was pastor of the Baptist Church at Rives Junction she was brought down with Pneumonia succeeding La Grippe. Terrible paroxysms of coughing would last hours with little intermission and it seemed as if she could not survive them. A friend recommended Dr. King's New Discovery; it was quick in its work and highly satistactory in results. Trial bottles free at Alex. Wadsworth's Drug Store. Regular size 50c, and $1.

This is the day of anti-this, and anti-that, but what people need the most nowadays is, the anti-bilious medicine, Simmons Liver Regulator, the King of Liver Medicines, and better than Pills. "I have used no other anti-bilious remedy for six years and know from experience that for ladies of a constipated habit nothing equals it. —Laura V. Craig, Ellenbury, Fla.

When You Owe a Bill In China.

A Chinese statute enacts that debts which are not settled on New Year's eve cannot subsequently be recovered; but, according to recognized usage, a creditor who has vainly pursued a debtor all through the night may still follow him after daybreak, provided he continues to carry his lighted lantern, as if he believed it was still night. This, however, is the creditor's last chance.

WHY will you buy bitter nauseating tonics when **Groves Tasteless ChillTonic** is a pleasant as Lemon Syrup. Your druggist is authorized to refund the money in every case where it fails to cure. Price, 50 cents.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria

WATSON SCORES BUTLER

"Liar!" "Traitor!" and "Coward!" Among Epithets Used by Ex-Vice-Presidential Candidate.

Thompson, Ga., Dec. 7.—Thomas E. Watson is now engaged in printing signed editorials in his people's party paper regarding some who figured in his defeat. Foremost among these he places Senator Marion Butler, of North Carolina, chairman of the Populist National Committee. In one of his editorials Mr. Watson says:

"As long as Marion Butler is chairman of the Populist National Committee, it will be utterly impossible to get the real Populists to take any interest in campaign work. They know him to be a selfish, unprincipled trickster, and nothing he can now do will ever cause them to forget what a liar and traitor he was during the campaign of 1896.

"Judged from the Butler standpoint, Populism is a mere article of political merchandise. He is devoid of any sense of honor. Words are to him the mere tools in the game of deception.

"He does not mind telling the truth provided he loses no point in the game by doing so, nor does he mind telling an untruth, even if it yields to him nothing more than the casual pleasure of having deceived.

"We harbor no resentment against Butler. It would be unjust to do so. When a constitutional coward runs away from the battlefield all generous men feel a profound sympathy for the victim of a natural defect of character. In the same way we adjudge Marion Butler. Nature made him what he is, and he cannot help it.

"To be foxy, double-faced, false of tongue and treacherous at heart is natural to him, and when he betrays those who trust him and deceived those who are silly enough to take his word, he has no more sinned against his nature, than does our friend, the 'William goat,' when it fights with its horns rather than mouth or feet.

"Too much Butler limbers us in the regions of our faith. Too much Butler gives us the inclination to look with longing eyes in the direction of the mountains of Hepsidam.

"This deponent has had enough of Butler to last him a life time."

Electric Bitters.

Electric Bitters is a medicine suited for any season, but perhaps more generally needed, when the languid exhausted feeling prevails, when the liver is torpid and sluggish and the need of a tonic and alterative is felt. A prompt use of this medicine has often averted long and perhaps fatal bilious fevers. No medicine will act more surely in counteracting and freeing the system from the malarial poison Headache, Indigestion, Constipation Dizziness yield to Electric Bitters. 50c, and $1 per bottle at A. Wadsworth's, Drug Store.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

NEW YORK TRIBUNE, 1897

Recognized as a Great Safe, Clean Family Paper—A Force in Public Affairs and Potent for Enturtainment And Culture.

COLORED SUPPLEMENT WITH THE SEMI-WEEKLY.

There is a place in the United States for a weekly of really high intellectual quality and the American people have given the New York Tribune a lavish welcome. During the past year The Weekly was taken in over 245,000 families and read by about 1,250,000 people. Every effort will be made to brighten and enrich the paper and make it necessary to thousands of new friends.

Patriotic, self respecting, enterprising, The Tribune is fearless and scholarly in editorial comment on public affairs, steadfast in principle, and not whirled about with every gust of passion; and it exhibits in every issue the truly American qualities of quickness, directness, brilliancy and force. It has won from Democratic rivals, by its thoroughly American spirit, the admission that it "commands the respect of all parties." In directing attention early and pointedly, to the availability of McKinley and Hobart for the Republican nominations in 1896, The Tribune played a now well-known and important part.

The Weekly Tribune ministers to all the sweet and wholesome interests of life; and it is distinctly a paper for families and for those who want the spirit and the editorials of the leading Republican paper of the United States. It has an excellent Agricultural page, a page of Science and Mechanics, a charming page especially for women, a strong array of market reports of unchallenged excellence, and book reviews, foreign letters and bright miscellany, in addition to the news of the week.

It can usually be subscribed for with local county weeklies. Sample copies sent free.

The Semi-Weekly is printed on Tuesday and Friday, and gives twice as much matter as the Weekly.

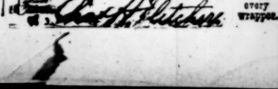
The craving for color on the part of the young, and even of other members of a family, has now been recognized by the Semi-Weekly Tribune in the publication of a colored supplement of 16 pages with each Friday's paper If not gratified properly, the liking for pictures and innocent bright reading matter will incline many to seek in less desirable publications that which they cannot find in their favorite paper. The jokes and quaint paragraphs, and the fifty or more political cartoons, humorous sketches and halftones, and other amusing contents of the colored supplement will prove a welcome addition to the wiser and weightier parts of the paper. It is printed on superfine paper, and its 16 pages are themselves fully worth the price of the Semi-Weekly. Sold separately, as a pictorial weekly, "Twinkles" readily brings 5 cents a copy and in the course of a year the reader would receive more than he has paid for the Tribune itself. The piquant comicalities of the supplement will lend new value to bound volumes and make each copy valuable long after the date of publication.

This edition is not offered in combination with local weeklies. The colored supplement will be sent only to subscribers who forward the regular price of the Semi-Weekly, $2,00 a year, to the Tribune direct. Sample copies of Friday's Semi-Week y free.

Daily $8.00 a year; Sunday Tribune $2,00; Semi-Weekly $2.00; Weekly $1.00; Tribune Almanac for 1897, with full election returns, out in January, 25cts per copy.

THE TRIBUNE, New York.

CASTORIA.



Is on every wrapper.

AN HONEST STATEMENT.

Ever since God said to Adam: "In the Sw at of thy Brow, thou shalt eat bread," the poor classes of humanity, the world over, have indeed eaten bread by the sweat of their brow. To toil and labor, labor and toil; day in and day out; year in and year out, has been their lot.

Never in the history of our government have he laborers, the farmers and the fishermen come so far from getting a just compensation for their labors and for what they have placed on the markets as at the present time. On account of the financial depression and general business stagnation for months past, they have been paid only starvation wages and prices. Knowing these the facts, it would be morally wrong as well as grossly unjust for any merchant to charge the people exorbitant prices for their goods.

If anyone has anything to buy for himself or family, and wants to spend their money with merchants who are not trying to get rich, but who are trying to make an honest living by dealing honestly with their fellow man, go to the New Store, Gold & Hooper, Water street. Their goods have just been bought in Northern cities at lowest wholesale cash prices. Everything new; nothing old and shopworn. And as their expense are light, they are able to sell for less than any other merchant in town.

Their stock consists of Men's Boy's and Youths' Ready-made Clothing, Hats, Caps, Boots, Shoes, Ladies' and Gents' Furnishing Goods, Dry Goods, Notions, Jewelry and everything else to be found in a first class Dry Goods Store.

Scott's Emulsion

is made up of the most essential elements that go to nourish the body. Where the appetite is varying or lacking, it increases it, and where digestion is weak, it aids it to perform its function in a more vigorous way. It enriches the blood, makes healthy flesh and cures chronic coughs and colds by making it possible for the body to resist disease. Our friends tell us "IT WORKS WONDERS" but we never like to over-state the merits of our remedy even when it has been tested and tried for over twenty-five years. If you will ask for it, we will send you a book telling you more about the subject than we can put in a few words.

Go to your druggist for Scott's Emulsion. Two sizes, 50 cts. and $1.00.

SCOTT & BOWNE, New York.

Gen James Longstreet.

The Old Warrior Endorses Ki g's Royal Germetuer.

"I have suffered for months past from insomania and indigestion, and failing of relief, was induced by a friend to try Dr. King's Royal Germetuer. I am now relieved, and I hope permanently so.

JAMES LONGSTREET.

Public Sale.

I will sell at Public Auction, at my residence on South Road street, on

Saturday, December 19th,

the following personal property, to wit: Bureaus, tables, stands, chairs, lounges, sideboard, sewing machine, wardrobe, bed and bedding spring mattress, stoves, cooking utensils, crockery and glass ware and other articles too numerous to mention. Sale to commence at 11 o'clock a. m; terms made known on day of sale.

PENELOPE N. BROTHERS

Notice of Administration

Having qualified as Administrators of the estate of the late Sarah J. Eves dec'd, notice is hereby given to all persons indebted to her estate to come forward and make immediate settlement and those holding claims against the same to present them for payment within twelve months from the date of this notice, or it will be pleaded in bar of their recovery. December, 10th, 1896.

J. P. EVES,
W. W. EVES,
Administrators.

NOTICE.

NORTH CAROLINA, } In the Superior
Dare County. } Court.

Notice is hereby given that Articles of Incorporation of the Roanoke Improvement Company have been filed and recorded in the Clerk's office of the Superior Court in the county aforesaid and the said Company having complied with sections 677 and 678, chapter 16, Vol. 1, of the Code of North Carolina, have been declared under authority of section 679 of the Code of North Carolina. "The Roanoke Improvement Company," the articles of agreement being (in substance) as follows:

1. That the name of said Company shall be the Roanoke Improvement Company.

2. The object shall be to buy the Manteo School Building and Odd Fellows Hall and Lot located in Manteo, N. C. To lease, rent or sell the same, buying and improving real estate, and leasing or renting or selling the same, operating a school in the town of Manteo, N. C., and such other business as said Association may see fit to engage in.

3. The place for conducting the business shall be Manteo, Dare County, North Carolina.

4. The time for continuing the business shall extend or the period of thirty years from the date hereof.

5. The names of Corporators are L. N. Midgett, C. J. Dough, S. A. Griffin, R. C. Evans, Geo. A. Eliven, S. E. Mann, B. T. Daniels, L. Cudworth, Geo. W. Creef, Jr.

6. The amount of capital shall be three hundred and fifty dollars with the privilege of increasing said capital to Three Thousand Dollars.

7. Number of shares shall be thirty-five with the privilege to increase to three hundred, and the amount of each shall be Ten Dollars.

In witness whereof I hereunto set my hand and the seal of the Superior Court of Dare County, this the 27th day of August, 1896.

J. B. JENNETT,
Clerk Superior Court, Dare Co., N. C.

Wanted—An Idea

Who can think of some simple thing to patent? Protect your ideas; they may bring you wealth. Write JOHN WEDDERBURN & CO., Patent Attorneys, Washington, D. C., for their $1,800 prize offer and list of two hundred inventions wanted.

BULL'S Cough Syrup

Is a remedy of sterling value. It positively cures all Bronchial Affections, Cough, Cold, Croup, Bronchitis and Grippe. You can always rely on it. DR. BULL'S COUGH SYRUP is indispensable to every family. Price 25 cts. Shun all substitutes.

Chew LANGE'S PLUGS, The Great Tobacco Antidote, 10c. Dealers or mail, A. C. Meyer & Co., Balto., Md.

An Important Change.

Beginning JANUARY 1, 1897, the present Weekly Edition of the DETROIT FREE PRESS will be changed to a

TWICE A WEEK,

The PRICE WILL REMAIN THE SAME,

$1.00 Per Year

The usual literary and humorous features will be continued, and it will also

Contain all the News

MAKING IT AN UP-TO-DATE NEWSPAPER.

We have just made arrangements with the publishers of this World Famous paper whereby we can offer you an excellent bargain. We will send

THE CAROLINIAN AND THE Detroit Free Press

BOTH ONE YEAR FOR

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THE New York World.

TWICE-A-WEEK EDITION.

18 Pages a Week. 156 Papers a Year.

It stands first among "weekly" papers in size, frequency of publication and freshness, variety and reliability of contents. It is practically a daily at the low price of a weekly; and its vast list of subscribers, extending to every State and Territory in the Union and foreign countries, will vouch for the accuracy and fairness of its news columns.

It is splendidly illustrated and among its special features are a fine humor page, exhaustive market report, all the latest fashions for women and a long series of stories by the greatest living American and English authors Conan Doyle, Jerome K. Jerome, Stanley Weyman, Mary E. Wilkins, Bret Harte, Anthony Hope, etc.

We offer this unequaled newspaper and the CAROLINIAN together one year for $1.75. The regular price of the two papers is $2.

THE ATLANTIC COLLEGIATE INSTITUTE,

SCHOOL FOR BOTH SEXES,

ELIZABETH CITY, N. C.

The 19th Annual Session Opens September 21st, 1896.

This school prepares for business life or for entrance to higher institutions of learning, including the U. S. Military and Naval Academies.

Exceptionally fine advantages offered in instrumental and vocal music.

Diplomas are awarded students completing courses of study.

Students of this school are admitted to the University of North Carolina and to Wake Forest College upon certificate.

Full faculty of six regular teachers besides special instructors. Rates of tuition and board very low.

Write for Catalogue. Address,
S. L. SHEEP, President,
Elizabeth City, N C.

Elizabeth City, Pasquotank Co., N.C.

Roanoke Institute,

—FOR—

Males and Females,

This young institution offers first-class advantages to young men and women seeking an education. There are four departments of study, viz: Primary, English, Industrial and Theological. Instructors will be employed in each department eminently capable of doing excellent work in the school room. Special attention to Vocal and Instrumental Music. For further information apply to

M. W. D. NORMAN, A. M.
President.

Elizabeth City, N. C.

J. B. Leigh. Isaac Meekins

LEIGH & MEEKINS,

Attorneys-at-Law.

ELIZABETH CITY, N. C.

Practice in the District and Federa Courts. Collections promptly made.

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—BROKERS—

Agents for Woldrige's High Class

FERTILIZERS.

We also keep COTTON SEED MEAL and HULLS, the finest feed in the world for producing milk and fattening poor cattle. We ask a trial.

REFERENCES: Guirkin & Co., bankers, Hughes & Pritchard, J. B. Flora & Co., Robinson & Co., Elizabeth City, N.C

We Employ Young Men to distribute our advertisements in part payment for a high grade Acme bicycle, which we send them on approval. No work done until the bicycle arrives and proves satisfactory.

Young Ladies employed on the same terms.

If boys or girls apply they must be well recommended. Write for particulars.

ACME CYCLE COMPANY,
ELKHART, IND.

Kamer Bros. & Co.,

(INCORPORATED)

ufacturers of and Dealers in

KILN & AIR DRIED

LUMBER

—AND—

Building Material

Truck Boxes

—AND—

CRATES

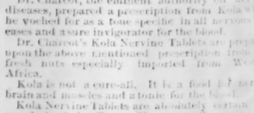
Now is the time to place your order the latter for the Spring Shipping

A. W. HAFF,

Successor to

Lanphear & Haff,

Wholesale Commission Dealer



In Fresh Fish, Lobsters,

Etc., Etc.

NO. 12 FULTON FISH MARKET

NEW YORK.

North Carolina Shad a Specialty.

Agents.

WILLIS H. ROGERS,

Wholesale Commission

FISH DEALER

106 FULTON MARKET,

New York

North Carolina Shad a Specialty.

Stencils furnished at a moment's notice

References:—Gairkin & Co., Bankers beth City, N C, and other Financia uses when desired

IS YUR NERVE GONE?

Dr. Charcot's Kola Nervine Tablets Will Restore Nerves, Brain, Blood and Muscles to Health and Vigor.

The Kola nut has been used for centuries by Africans as a renewer of the tissue and provide of fatigue.

Dr. Charcot, the eminent authority on nervous diseases, prepared a prescription from Kola which he vouched for as a tone specific in all nervous diseases and a sure invigorator for the blood.

Dr. Charcot's Kola Nervine Tablets are prepared upon the above mentioned prescription from the fresh nuts especially imported from Western Africa.

Kola is not a cereal. It is a food for nerves, brain and muscles and a tonic for the blood.

Kola Nervine Tablets are absolutely certain and speedy in their effects. They cure all nervous diseases, prevent fatigue, renew failing vitality and tone to the whole system.

Kola Nervine Tablets cures sleeplessness and all the nervous troubles from which many women and women suffer. They are specific in cases of nervous dyspepsia.

The druggists say the demand for the Tablets is astonishing. Kola is what the debilitated want.

Thousands of packages have been sold and the effects were felt at once.

Hundreds of letters say: "One package of the Tablets, costing $1.00, has done for me what physicians, who cost me $100, failed to do."

We absolutely guarantee that no harmful or secondary effects are felt from the use of the Kola Tablets.

Can you, in justice to yourself, refuse to pay $1 a day for sure relief from neuralgia, headache, brain fatigue, sleeplessness, nervousness, dizziness, loss of vigor, melancholia and all the evils resulting from a nervous condition? Ask yourself the question with all seriousness.

Dr. A. C. Sherwin is one of the best physicians in New England. He writes:

"Hotel Pelham, Boston, Dec. 6th, 1895. Gentlemen: I am prescribing Dr. Charcot's Kola Nervine Tablets for Nervousness, Insomnia, Dyspepsia and Neuralgia, with excellent results. I have no hesitation in stating that they are infallible in all forms of nervous diseases. Their invigorating properties are wonderful.

Yours truly, A. C. SHERWIN, M. D.

Edward Everett Hale, D. D., the famous author of "The Man Without a Country," in an editorial in the Boston Commonwealth, and later in a personal letter, wrote thus:

"I am assured by a careful inquiry among the leading physicians and personal friends who have used them and in whom I have the utmost confidence, that Dr Charcot's Kola Nervine Tablets are invaluable in insomnia and all nervous diseases.

EDW. E. HALE.

Fifty Cents and $1.00 per box (one month's treatment). See Dr. Charcot's name on each box. Kola booklet free. All druggists or send direct. Kola Chemical & Manufacturing Company, Lacrosse, Wis., and Boston, Mass

PATENTS

Caveats, and Trade-Marks obtained and all Patent business conducted for MODERATE FEES.

OUR OFFICE IS OPPOSITE U. S. PATENT OFFICE and we can secure patent in less time than those remote from Washington.

Send model, drawing or photo., with description. We advise, if patentable or not, free of charge. Our fee not due till patent is secured.

A PAMPHLET, "How to Obtain Patents," with cost of same in the U. S. and foreign countries sent free. Address,

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OPP. PATENT OFFICE, WASHINGTON, D. C.

COMING! COME IN!

CHRISTMAS.

Come In

and let us help you select that fine Christmas Gift you have to give, and also the lot of little presents you have to select. We have all kinds of presents and want you to see them.

HATHAWAY BROS.

Reliable Jewelers.

North Carolina

Iron Works

—AND—

Supply House.

Machine Shop & Foundry,

MACHINERY OF ALL KINDS

Made and Repaired.

Steamboat & Mill Work a Specialty.

ELIZABETH CITY, N C.

We are prepared to do Saw-Mill and Steamboat work and General Machine and Foundry work of all descriptions. Our tools consists of 16 to 48 inch Lathes and can turn Shafts 16 feet long. Planers 42 by 42 inches by 16 feet long.

We carry in stock a full line of Bogy and Dry Kiln Wheels; also Standard Grate Bars, and are prepared to furnish Boiler Fronts and general Foundry work on short notice.

We are prepared to do our own pattern work and we guarantee our work and prices to compare with any other city.

We carry in our Supply Store a full line of Rubber and Leather Belting, Oils, Wastes, Babbit Metal, Files, Belt Dressing, Engine and Rubber Packings, Lubricators, Steam Guages, Brass Goods of all kinds, Belt Lacing, Pipe and Pipe Fittings and Boiler Tubes.

We also handle Wood and Iron Pulleys, Hangers, Boxes, Collars, Shafting, Couplings and Rubber Roofing Paint. And are agents for Wood Working Machinery, Engines and Boilers and Machery of all description and Gasoline Engines and Launches.

For further information, address,

J. H. PARTRIDGE,

P. O. Box 220. Manager.

DIRECTORY.

THE CITY.

Mayor—Charles C. Pool; Commissioners—Paleon John, Thomas A, Commander, Alson B. Seeley B. Frank Spence and Wm. W. Griggs. Clerk, Charles A. Banks; Treasurer, Geo. W. Cobb; Constable and Chief of Police, Wm. C. Brooks; Street Commissioner, Reuben W. Berry; Fire Commissioners, Allen Kramer and Fred. H. Zeigler.

Collector of Customs—Jas. C. Brooks.

Postmaster—E. F. Lamb.

Examining Surgeons of Pensions—Drs. J. E. Wood, W. W. Griggs and W. J. Lumsden. Meet on the 1st and 3d Wednesdays of each month at the corner of Road and Church Sts

CHURCHES.

Methodist: J. H. Hall, pastor; Baptist, C. S. Blackwell, pastor; Episcopal, L. L. Williams, rector; Presbyterian, F. H. Johnston, pastor.

Colored—Methodist, H. B. Pettigrew, pastor; Corner Stone, Z. H. Berry, pastor; Olive Branch, Lake Pierce, pastor; Sawyer's Chapel, J. C. Coleman pastor. Antioch, Presbyterian, S P Smith, pastor.

LODGES.

Masonic: Eureka Lodge No. 317, Dr. W. W. Griggs, W. M.; G. W. Brother, S. W.; E. F. Lamb, J. W.; D. R. Bradford, Sec'y; Moses Weisel Treas. Meets 1st and 3d Tuesday nights.

Odd Fellows: Achoree Lodge No. 14; H. O. Hill, N. G.; M. Wescott, V. G.; J. D. Sykes, Rec. Sec'ty; E. M. Stevens, Financial Sec'ty; W. W. Morrisett, Treasurer;

Talula Encampment No. 8; E. F. Sawyer, C. P.; W. W. Morrisett, H. P.; Monroe Bright, S. W.; C. W. Belanga, J. W.; F. L. Garrett, Scribe; J. F. Sanders, Treasurer.

Royal Arcanum, Tiber Creek Council No. 1209; N. R. Parker, Regent; N. Underwood, Vice Regent; C. Goirkin, Orator; W. H. Zoeller, Secretary; F. M. Cook, Collector; W. J. Woodley, Treasurer. Meets every 1st and 3d Monday nights.

Knights of Honor; R. B. White, Dictator; J. H. Engle, Vice Dictator; T. J. Jordan, Reporter; T. B. Wilson, Finance Reporter; W. J. Trafton, Treasurer. Meets 1st and 4th Friday.

Pasquotank Tribe No. 8, I. O. R. M.; C. M. Burgess, Sachem; C. W. Belanga, Sr. Saganore; J. P. Sharpstein, Jr. Saganore; J. D. Hathaway, Prophet; C. C. Barnard, C. of R.; S. H. Murrell, K. of W. Meet every Wednesday night.

COUNTY OFFICERS.

Commissioners: E. C. Kramer, chairman; F. M. Godfrey, W. J. Williams. Standard Keeper. A. L. Jones.

Sheriff, Thomas P. Wilcox; Superior Court Clerk, John P. Overman; Register of Deeds, M. B. Culpepper; Treasurer, John S. Morris; County Examiner, Gaston Pool.

SCHOOLS.

Public School, W. M. Hinton, Principal.

Atlantic Collegiate Institute, S. L. Sheep, Prest.

Select School, I. N. Tillett, Principal.

State Colored Normal, P. W. Moore, Principal.

Hotels

New Albemarle House

Mr. & Mrs. SAWYER Props,

Cor. Main and Road Streets, Elizabeth City, N. C. First-class Hotel. Elegant Rooms, Good Table, Polite Attention. Electric Bells and Lights.

TERMS:—$2 and $2.50 per day.

WOODARD HOUSE

EDENTON, N. C.

This well established Hotel offers first-lass accommodations to travelers.

FIRST-CLASS BAR ATTACHED

Sample Rooms for Traveling Salesmen and Conveyances furnished when desired. Free Hacks to all Trains and Steamers.

Terms Reasonable.

MONEY can be earned at our new line of work rapidly and honorably, by the either sex, young or old, and in own localities, wherever they live. one can do the work. Easy to learn. We furnish everything. We start you. No risk. You can devote your spare moments, or all your time to the work. This is an entirely new lead, and brings wonderful success to every worker. Beginners are earning from $25 to $50 per week and upwards, and more after a little experience. We can furnish you the employment and teach you FREE. No space to explain here. Full information FREE. TRUE & CO., AUGUSTA, MAINE.

Ripans Tabules.

Ripans Tabules cure nausea.

Ripans Tabules: at druggists.

Ripans Tabules cure headache.

Ripans Tabules cure flatulence.

Ripans Tabules cure liver troubles.

The North Carolinian.

Wednesday, December 16, 1896.

☞Christmas is approaching.

☞May it be a merry one for all.

☞The Fishermen are busy preparing for the Spring fishing.

☞The large barn on the Sanderlin farm, near Okisko, was destroyed by fire one day last week.

☞Mrs Pattie E., wife of Mr J. A. Scott, near Salem, died on the 4th inst, aged 29 years.

☞The Naval Reserves have received an invitation to participate in a competitive drill at the Newbern Fair in February. They have decided to go.

☞When your neighbor comes to borrow the CAROLINIAN will you not pleasantly suggest to him that he can receive it regularly every week for the small sum of 81 a year.

☞The sound of the whir of factory wheels is more agreeable than that of the voice of the "Boy Orator" intoning threadbare arguments for free silver.

☞The regular use of the comb and brush promotes the health of the horse and adds to his appearance. The same may be said of the cow.

☞The body of Charles Hauser, who was drowned in the River near town last summer, has been taken up by Undertaker F. H. Zeigler and taken to his former home at Baltimore for interment.

☞We still have a few copies of the large latest edition unabridged Webster's Dictionaries on hand. To close out the lot, we will send a copy to any address for $1.15; or at our office for 81.

☞Business became so completely paralyzed by the bad legislation of Democrats that it will require time for it to fully recover. It is convalescing, however, by the confidence administered by the Republicans.

☞It will be seen by the Methodist appointments for this District, appearing in another column, that Rev. J. H. Hall has been returned to Elizabeth City and Rev. W. E. Hocutt to Pasquotank. Rev. R. B. John goes to Goldsboro.

☞The CAROLINIAN is clearly of the opinion that NOW is the time to invest in property and prepare for enterprises in Elizabeth City. Better times are clearly in sight, an era of prosperity will surely usher in and those who are early in getting themselves in readiness will be so much the gainers.

☞Turner's N. C. Almanac for 1897 is on our table. This is its sixtieth year of publication. It has won the reputation of being the "Old Reliable." We always keep in reach for reference. This year is not only larger but is still better than ever before. Published by J. H. Enniss, Raleigh, N. C. Price, 10 cents

☞A patron from Perquimans, on renewing his subscription, writes:

I have been a subscriber and a reader of the CAROLINIAN for over 20 years. It is clean, newsy, reliable and ably edited. I take several papers, but the CAROLINIAN is the first one opened and read by my family. They say it is the best paper we get, and I agree with them.

☞A good many people do not feel able to take more than one paper. For the benefit of these the CAROLINIAN provides, in addition to publishing all the local and important general news, a good variety of instructive and entertaining reading matter, making it a *family* as well as a *news*paper. And all for only $1 a year.

☞The Elizabeth City Manufacturing Company has been reorganized and the following officers elected: E. F. Lamb, President; R. B. Martin, Vice President; W. E. Dunstan, Secretary and Treasurer; and W. Lynch, J. B. Flora, C. W. Hollowell, B. W. Leigh, E. F. Lamb, R. B. Martin and W. E. Dunstan, Directors. The work on the Mill, which was suspended, has been resumed."

☞There appears to be some misapprehension about the order of the City Council to have land condemned for streets on the North side of Tiber Creek Canal from Road street to the River, and on the South side of Poindexter Creek Canal from Martin street to Road. The purpose is to have this done before improvements are started. It is only a question of time, and from present indications not very long, before these streets will be demanded. The cost for the land will be merely nominal now. The work of opening and filling can be done gradually by the Street force as it can be spared from other work. Had timely action been taken in the cases of Poindexter and several other streets, how much more attractive and how much better adapted for public use they would be.

☞The PEOPLE rule!

☞We now have local self-government.

☞Remember there is nothing so appropriate for a Xmas gift as a "Picture" of self. So have it made at once at Zoellers. His work is of the best.

☞The CAROLINIAN is now the official organ of the City and the County.

☞Have your "Picture" made at once so as to have them for Xmas Nothing more appropriate for a gift than one of Zoeller's best.

☞Again it is time to remark that the wise holiday shopper is she who shops early. Do your buying now, and avoid the hurry and worry of the inevitable rush.

Shoes, Shoes, Shoes, at rock bottom prices at Fowler & Co.'s

☞Some genuine bargains in Men's and Boy's Clothing at Fowler & Co.'s

☞How are you off for Blankets. We have 'em, the best to be had from 50c the pair to $5. Moses Weisel.

The 15c Windsor Ties at The Fair are equal to any in town at 25c.

☞A writer in the December "Arena" says: "Sell all that thou hast and distribute unto the poor," and "Resist not evil" are preached in Christian pulpits on Sunday and absolutely ignored on week days.

☞Good values in Dress Goods and Hosiery at Fowler & Co.'s

☞That Kid Glove Moses Weisel is celling for 79c is a corker.

☞A "continuous performance" of bargains is shown at Moses Weisel's.

☞As a rule, the mother shapes the boy's character. Her face the first sight, her arms the first refuge, her life the first example. But for Rachel and her training the history of Joseph and of the Jewish nation would have been entirely different. "The hand that rocks the cradle rules the world." The time for seed planting of true greatness is in the early years of a boy's life; this is the mother's opportunity.

☞Men's all wool Sweaters 75c at Fowler & Co.'s.

☞We now have a full line of Fall and Winter Samples of Wannamaker & Brown and have suits made to order and a fit guaranteed. The Fair.

The largest stock of Silks, Velvets and Trimmings at The Fair.

☞An exchange thus sizes up the kicker and offers "dollars to doughnuts" on his probable relations to the paper:

Whenever you find a man finding fault with the local paper, open it up and ten to one he hasn't an advertisement in it; five to one he never gave it a job of work; three to one that he does not take the paper; two to one that if he is a subscriber he is a delinquent; even odds he never does anything that will assist the publisher to run a good paper, and forty to one that if the paper is a good one and full of life, he is the most eager to see it when it comes out.

☞Its a peach! that $1.25 Overcoats for boys at Moses Weisel's, sizes from 5 to 13 years, with capes.

The largest stock of Dress Goods in all the latest novelties at The Fair.

☞A wise man doesn't like to admit that he has been foolish twice in the same way. If he forgets to buy his Neckties of Moses Weisel one day, he manages to drop into the store the next time he needs a supply.

Window Shades in all colors at greatly reduced prices at The Fair.

For Gum Boots and Oil Clothing write to Fowler & Co. Bottom prices.

Shad Nets, Gill Twine or Seine Twine in large quantities or small quanties at Fowler & Co 's.

The Ladies Mcintoshes at The Fair were bought at a big bargain and you can get the benefit of it.

☞The man who doesn't turn up at Moses Weisel's Gents Furnishing Goods sale is very apt to be turned down by judges of elegant styles.

The celebrated "Crack Proof" Children and Misses Shoes at The Fair are just the thing for school. Try a pair.

☞The man who has no happiness in life is one who doesn't wear Moses Weisel's perfect fitting shirts.

LOCAL MENTION.

The sun rose this morning at 7:04 and will set to-night at 4:47.—Mrs. M. B. Culpepper and children are off on a visit to Washington City.—Mr. Geo. R. Bright has purchased the Dr. Fuller lots on Road street—"The world owes me a living," said a Fifth Warder the other day, "but I find that I have got to work like the deuce to collect it," and he is working.—Solid facts sometimes leak out.—A man doesn't have to ride a bicycle to run down his neighbors—On the 9th inst., at the Albemarle House, by Rev. Dr. Blackwell, Mr. Mark E. Walcott and Miss Marion F. Maies, both of Portsmouth, were joined in the bonds of wedlock.—From Turkeydom the report is that there is great uneasiness again. For

Who would be a turkey hen,
Killed and ate by hungry men?

—W. H. Sanders & Bro. have moved the machinery of their works into the front room of the Sanders Building on Poindexter street.—Two beaux were standing on the street near the Post Office the other day when a young lady passed. Said one: "She is a dream of sweetness, a combination of pie and angel food." Said the other: "I have occasionally found her to be a little tart."—Mr. G. M. Jennings, of South Road street, who has been laid up by an attack of acute rheumatism, is now able to be at his business place again.—One half of the world does not know how the other half lives, but it would give a good deal to find out.—A certain young man is wailing:

Oh, I am feeling mighty blue,
And I do not know what to do,
My sweetheart has another beaux,
And sends me word that I "must go."

Cheer up, there's other "fish in the sea."—Mrs. J. C. Benbury, who has been quite ill, is able to be up and out again.—Mr. Geo. R. Bright is preparing to erect a handsome residence on Mathews street.—It is suggested that Santa Claus will probably ride a wheel this Christmas.—Mr. R. T. Williams, of Indiantown, will soon locate here.—"This is a very important letter I am writing and I am very anxious to know whether the man I am sending it to gets it promptly," said a certain up town man to his wife the other day. "Why don't you put in a postscript telling him to let you know right away if he doesn't receive it to-morrow?" she asked.—The County Jail has been without a prisoner ever since Court—Rev. Dr. Solomon Pool, stationed at South Mills, who was stricken by paralysis about three months ago, has been spending a few days in the city, visiting relatives and friends. He is slowly improving, but is still unable to walk without assistance.—Saith the Versifier:

They're wise to-day. The wintry mart
They know of old, I vow,
So prudently the fair ones start
Their Christmas shopping now.

—The Arounder overheard the following the other evening: "I am hopeful that you will pay me that $5 by the end of the week." "That's right, old man, be hopeful but don't be sanguine."—Mr. and Mrs. F. H. Zicgler have been off on a visit to Baltimore, Philadelphia and New York.—"I saw the young man kiss you in the hall, Mabel. How could you let him go so far?" asked the mother. "Well, mamma, I couldn't let him come much nearer," was Miss Mabel's reply.—See advertisement of sale of personal property by Mrs. Penelope N. Brothers. Remember the date—Messrs. Elihu and John J. Chappel, of Winfall, were in the city on Saturday. Both called and paid their respects.—work on new buildings and repairs is still going on in different parts of the city.—The Superintendent of the Cotton Factory expects to be ready to start up by the 1st of January.—J. B. Jennett, esq., of Manteo, gave us a call on Saturday. He informed us that there was scarcely any snow fall in that locality during the severe storm here.—It was, no matter in which. Ward:

She yawned, but still he lingered there;
(Of bores he seemed the greatest,)
Until she murmured in despair,
"You're up-to-date, I must declare,
For you're the very latest."

He had the gumption to take the hint.—A good many people who pretend to make love could be arrested for counterfeiting.—Several tramps were ordered to leave town. They left.—Don't run in debt to "keep your end up" on Christmas.—Mr. Lem Lamb and Miss Kate Westerfield, of Bellcross, quietly came over to this city on the 11th inst and were married at the residence of Rev. Joseph Ferebee, he officiating.—Hon. C. C. Pool spent Thursday and Friday at Norfolk on professional business.—"You don't read novels a much as you used to," said a man the other day. "No, there are so few women in fiction nowadays that are fit to associate with," was the reply.—The Rhymster thinks:

When the price of coal carouses,
How all might scorn its larks,
Could we only heat our houses,
By the warmth of our remarks.

—Deputy Sheriff John Cartwright is on the sick list at his home in the Second Ward.—A few days ago, near the Market House, a horse hitched to a cart heavily loaded with fodder was strangled. The girt broke, the cart tipped and the harness to which the shafts were fastened raised and choked the animal to death before the accident was discovered.—Said Turkey No. 1: "Well, good bye. The day after Christmas there won't be much left of us" Replied Turkey No. 2: "No. We'll be in the soup then."—Pay your Corporation taxes. The money is now needed and must be had.—The regular Pastor being at Conference, the pulpit of the Methodist Church was occupied on Sunday morning by Rev. Ed. F. Sawyer.—Rev. Dr. Blackwell, of the Baptist Church, is preaching a series of revival sermons. The subject on Sunday morning was "Conversion and Confession."—"Miss Independence" is thus described:

The modern girl don't need a beau
To take her where she'd like,
For now she paddles her own canoe
Since she's learned to pedal a bike.

—The damages to the Telegraph, Telephone and Electric Light poles and wires have been repaired.—Sheriff Wilcox has laid on our table a sample of a second growth of pears grown on a tree in his lot.—An unusual number of cases in the Mayor's Court this week.—Thompson, the leading Brick maker, has just burned a large kiln of first-class brick.—Shipments of fresh fish are now being made.—The local readers and patrons of the CAROLINIAN is not confined to Republicans. A great many Democrats take and read it, not because they agree with all it says politically, but because it gives the NEWS and fills this page with matter everybody likes to read.

FREE TO OUR READERS.

To those of our subscribers in arrears who pay up within 30 days, we will give one year's free subscription to "The Woman's Health and Home Journal." This magazine, devoted to Health, Home and Farm, is a 16 page monthly, bright, instructive, elevating.

Merick's Mammoth.

Look here kind friends, and old and new friends, we feel it a duty to do some advertising, and are very thankful for the kind wishes of all, but we are so long and well known as

MELICK'S MAMMOTH NEW STORE,

where you can get almost anything you want, and especially

X-mas Goods,

that it is not kind to burden our customers with a BIG BLOW to make them think that

Everybody Else - - - Is Nobody.

Our old customers know us and our store and others will soon find just where to get the very things they want. We keep up with the times and spare no pains to please our customers.

☞A large quantity of Dress Overcoats received November 23rd at Fowler & Co's, and will be sold at half price. Call and examine.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The best Salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilbains, Corns and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles or no pay required It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25c per box. For sale by Alex. Wadsworth

FIRST-CLASS BRICK: The Thompson Brick Works manufacture the best Brick for building and all other purposes made in this section. They are well burned and "all right" in every respect. All orders promptly filled. Address F. G Thompson, manager, Elizabeth City, N. C

A NEW SUIT FOR $1.25.

In order to introduce our new work and secure agents, we will clean, dye and press a whole suit for $1.25. I will send with the privilege of examination before paying for same. I guarantee to give perfect satisfaction or pay full value for the goods.

I refer to any bank, business man or officer in this city.

D. W. C. HARRIS,
Steam Dye Works,
Raleigh, N. C.

BRANSON'S - - -

New State Directory of North Carolina

Should be in the office of every business man in the State, as well as those who do business with the State. Price $5. Order of Levi Branson, Raleigh, N. C.

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that application will be made to the General Assembly of North Carolina to amend the Charter of the Town of Elizabeth City.

Honest Money

Is not alone that which you earn, but that which you save. Come here to-morrow, come any day of the week, come when you willand see if the money we save you is not as honest in your pocket as it would be in the till of those who would

Charge You

more for goods. We have Child's Cape Overcoats, sizes 9 to 13 years, at $1.25, we will guarantee cannot be matched in the city at the price. We also have a

Man's Suit

square cut, color blue, for $2.50 that is a corker. We also have higher price Suits, goods that are equally as cheap, for $5.00 $5.50, $6.00, $6.50, $7,50 and up. We have

Dress Goods

that are the very latest 1896 Fall Styles from 10 cents to $2.00 per yard, a wide range of prices you will say, but the assortment is complete and fashionable.

Shoes

in an endless assortment and prices the very lowest. Investigate and know for yourself we are positively the lowest price house in the city.

Moses Weisel,

ELIZABETH CITY, N.C,

T. P. WHITE,

BOOT & SHOEMAKER-2nd door North of Poindexter Street Bridge.

☞Patching and mending RubberBoots a specialty.

Ripans Tabules: pleasant laxative.

Ripans Tabules: for sour stomach.

Ripans Tabules: one gives relief.

OUR COLORED PEOPLE

[Items of interest concerning the Colored People will regularly appear in this column.]

BY SPECIAL REPORTER.

Subscribe for and read the Carolinian.

Rev. Wm. Bachlor, of Petersburg, was in the city on Sunday.

Rev. C. W. J. Fisher, of Raleigh, was in town a few days last week.

Rev. P. R. Anderson is in Ellerton this week making some business arrangements.

Sneak thieves are paying their usual respects to hen roosts and potato hills. One or two complaints last week.

An entertainment for the benefit of the Normal and Industrial Institute will be held at Lee's Hall to-morrow and Friday nights.

Rev. J. W. Moore, of Wilson, preached an interesting sermon at Corner Stone Church on Monday night.

"Sister" Pinckney, a traveling missionary who has visited this place some years ago, has been spending a few days in the community.

Miss Ella Ackney, of Norfolk, has returned home after a short visit here among relatives and friends.

At the parsonage on last Friday evening, after the close of Quarterly Conference, a reception was given Revs. Anderson and Winfield. The occasion was a pleasant one and was enjoyed by all.

A young man named Whedbee died at his home in Pryortown last Sunday.

Quite a number of strangers made a brief stop in the city last week.

The Masonic Grand Lodge at Edenton last week was well attended by representative men from all sections of the State. Reports show the fraternity to be in a prosperous and growing condition. Hon. James H. Young, of Raleigh, was elected the Grand Master.

Mr. E. F. Davis holds the banner so far for the heaviest hog of the season. He killed one Monday weighing 362 pounds.

Mr. Junius Rooks, formerly of this city but now of Greensboro, writes that he recently killed two Poland China pigs, only 9 months old, one weighing 222 pounds and the other 228 pounds. Who can beat it?

WANTED—A good Cook. Apply at the CAROLINIAN office.

Call at the CAROLINIAN office and get one of those cheap Dictionaries.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria

CURES.... SUMMER DISEASES

The Ideal Remedy for all diseases of the stomach and bowels, such as Diarrhœa, Dysentery, Indigestion, Dyspepsia, Cramps, Loss of Appetite, etc., is that standard of all medicines,

DR. KING'S

ROYAL GERMETUER.

Thousands of Certificates attest the fact.

Mr. L. T. Collier, Kosciusko, Miss., says: "My bowels would act from ten to twenty times a day, of a bloody, mucus nature. My kidneys were very badly out of order. I was treated by the best physicians, and they said I could live but a short while. I then commenced using Royal Germetuer. In three weeks I could eat anything, and do as much work as ever. I continued the Germetuer, and can testify that I am entirely cured, and that Germetuer did the work."

☞It is as pleasant to take as lemonade, and builds up from the first dose. It cures disease by removing the cause.

Sold by Druggists, One Dollar.

MANUFACTURED ONLY BY

THE ATLANTA CHEMICAL CO., ATLANTA, GEORGIA.

Write for 48-page Book, Mailed Free.

Use GERMETUER PILLS and GERMETUER COUGH SYRUP.

ELIZABETH CITY STATE COLORED NORMAL SCHOOL.

320 young men and women, representing 24 counties, have received instruction in this institution since its opening in 1891. A large number of these have taught successfully in the public schools of the State. The school affords thorough and practical instruction in normal and scientific branches and SPECIAL instruction on good MORALS and MANNERS. Competent instructors are employed. Tuition is free. Board ranges from $6 to $7 per month.

The sixth annual session begins September 14th, 1896, and closes the fourth Friday in May, 1897. If you have a son or daughter to educate, consult the Principal, or write to him for a catalogue.

P. W. MOORE, A. M.,
Elizabeth City, N. C. Principal

50 YEARS' EXPERIENCE.

PATENTS

TRADE MARKS, DESIGNS, COPYRIGHTS &c.

Anyone sending a sketch and description may quickly ascertain, free, whether an invention is probably patentable. Communications strictly confidential. Oldest agency for securing patents in America. We have a Washington office. Patents taken through Munn & Co. receive special notice in the

SCIENTIFIC AMERICAN,

beautifully illustrated, largest circulation of any scientific journal, weekly, terms $3.00 a year; $1.50 six months. Specimen copies and HAND BOOK ON PATENTS sent free. Address

MUNN & CO.,
361 Broadway, New York.

Ripans Tabules cure constipation.

Ripans Tabules cure indigestion.

Ripans Tabules cure torpid liver.

Ripans Tabules: gentle cathartic.

900 DROPS

CASTORIA

A Vegetable Preparation for Assimilating the Food and Regulating the Stomachs and Bowels of

INFANTS CHILDREN

Promotes Digestion, Cheerfulness and Rest. Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral. NOT NARCOTIC.

Recipe of Old Dr SAMUEL PITCHER

Pumpkin Seed
Alx. Senna
Rochelle Salts
Anise Seed
Peppermint
Bi Carbonate Soda
Worm Seed
Clarified Sugar
Wintergreen Flavor

A perfect Remedy for Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea, Worms, Convulsions, Feverishness and LOSS OF SLEEP.

Fac Simile Signature of
Chas. H. Fletcher.
NEW YORK.

At 6 months old
35 DOSES—35 CENTS

EXACT COPY OF WRAPPER.

SEE THAT THE FAC-SIMILE SIGNATURE —OF— Chas. H. Fletcher IS ON THE WRAPPER OF EVERY BOTTLE OF

CASTORIA

Castoria is put up in one-size bottles only. It is not sold in bulk. Don't allow anyone to sell you anything else on the plea or promise that it is "just as good" and "will answer every purpose." ☞See that you get C-A-S-T-O-R-I-A.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

"The FAIR" WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

Department Store,

Have for several weeks been receiving their stock of Fall and Winter Goods, and invite an inspection of them by all. The several departments have been largely increased, and special attention is called to the very large exhibits of

DRESS GOODS,

CLOTHING, SHOES, HATS,

LADIES' WRAPS.

Our Facilties:

We have the Largest Store Rooms and the Largest Stock of Goods in the place.

Our Motto

is to furnish Better Goods for less money than any other house.

"THE BIG STORE"

—IS THE—

"PEOPLE'S STORE."

Water Street, Elizabeth City, N. C.

We do Not Have to Talk a Man to Death

to sell our goods. We buy from first hands in large quantities and receive a fresh supply daily. We make a specialty of Fancy Groceries and Canned Goods, and pride ourselves on the fact that while the quality is 'way up in G the prices defy competition. Nothing gives us more pleasure than to show goods, because by thus doing we are sure to secure trade.

Prices and Quality Sell the Goods.

In addition to our already large stock of Groceries, Immense supply of Sugars, Cargoes of Flour, and general Wholesale and Retail Supplies, we have recently added Lime, Cement and Builder's Material generally. We can guarantee these goods. Long experience and practical knowledge with the trade has taught us a thing or two and we are ready to convince you. Our

Wholesale Department,

like our Retail Department, is always kept up-to-date. Right here let us say that in the matter of buying we have saved money for others and can do so for you. We know what we are talking about and mean business. Call on us; you'll find us sociallble; we have been since we were a boy.

W. J. Woodley, No. 138 and 140 Water Street, Elizabeth City, N. C.

Dress Goods.

Unusual good value in Plain and Fancy Spring and Summer Dress Goods at Fowler & Co's

Hosiery

Before buying your Hosiery, examine the prices and qualites at Fowler & Co's.

Clothing.

Fowler & Co. are offering some Special Bargains in Clothing. Some heavy weight or Winter Clothing will be sold for about half their value

Fowler & Co.'s Store is full of new goods and new prices. Give them a call.

CASTORIA.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

Ripans Tabules assist digestion.

Ripans Tabules cure bad breath.

Ripans Tabules cure dizziness.

Ripans Tabules cure dyspepsia.

CASTORIA.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

Ripans Tabules cure biliousness.

Good

Is Hood's Sarsaparilla, because it cures the severest cases of scrofula, salt rheum, dyspepsia and rheumatism. If you are a sufferer try

Hood's

Sarsaparilla

The best—in fact the One True Blood Purifier.

Hood's Pills cure Liver Ills; easy to take, easy to operate. 25c.

Tea-Drinking People.

The relative quantity of tea consumed by various Nations is an interesting subject. Excluding China and Japan, which produce their own, and furnish no statistics, the Anglo-Saxon race is far ahead of all others. The English-speaking peoples (that is, Great Britain, with her colonies, and the United States) account for four-fifths of the whole world's consumption, and Great Britain alone takes one-half of the total amount. The English drink as much tea in the aggregate as all the other civilized countries put together, though not so much per head as some of England's colonies. The United States comes next, with less than half the quantity, and then Russia, with about one-third. The only other Europeans who take anything worth mentioning in proportion to the population are the Dutch, and their taste for it is no doubt due to the fact that they have their own plantations in Java.—The Ledger.

Chilled Into a Charitable Mood.

The Rev. Father Horan, of Rumford Falls, Me., secured the necessary funds to complete his new church by announcing that it would be opened on a certain Sunday, which turned out to be a bitterly cold day, and then preaching a sermon so long that its close was accompanied by the chattering of teeth all over the house. As if suddenly reminded that it was chilly he remarked that it was cold indeed, and expressing his belief that the congregation would cheerfully contribute money enough to plaster the walls and put in a furnace, passed the plate and got what he wanted.—New York Sun.

The Spider's Eyesight.

How far away can a spider see a fly? After several years of ingenious experimenting Mr. and Mrs. Peckham, the naturalists, have concluded that the greatest average distance at which spiders are able to see objects distinctly is about one foot. The same observers think that spiders have the senses of color and of smell but feebly developed.—San Francisco Call.

Two Blind Organists.

The Pennsylvania Institute for the Blind, in Philadelphia, points with pride to two distinguished graduates in the field of music—Mr. David D. Wood, the famous blind organist, of St. Stephen's Church, in Philadelphia, and Mr. Adam Geibel, composer and organist of the Baptist Temple, at Broad and Berks streets, Philadelphia.—Philadelphia Inquirer.

GIRLS IN STORES,

offices, or factories, are peculiarly liable to female diseases, especially those who are constantly on their feet. Often they are unable to perform their duties, their suffering is so intense.

When the first symptoms present themselves, such as backache, pains in groins, headache, dizziness, faintness, swelled feet, blues, etc., they should at once write Mrs. Pinkham, at Lynn, Mass., stating symptoms; she will tell them exactly what to do, and in the meantime they will find prompt relief in Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, which can be obtained from any druggist.

"MY DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—I am so grateful to you for what your Compound has done for me. For four years I suffered such pains from ovarian trouble, which caused dreadful weakness of the limbs, tenderness and burning pain in the groins, pain when standing or walking, and increased pain during menstruation, headache and leucorrhœa. I weighed only 92 pounds, and was advised to use your Vegetable Compound, which I did. I felt the benefit before I had taken all of one bottle. I continued using it, and it has entirely cured me. I have not been troubled with leucorrhœa for months, and now I weigh 115 pounds."—LILLIE HARTSON, Flushing, Genesee Co., Michigan. Box 69.

Radway's Pills

Always Reliable, Purely Vegetable

Perfectly tasteless, elegantly coated, regulate purify, cleanse and strengthen. RADWAY'S PILLS for the cure of all disorders of the Stomach, Bowels Kidneys, Bladder, Nervous Diseases, Dizziness Vertigo, Costiveness, Piles.

SICK HEADACHE, FEMALE COMPLAINTS, BILIOUSNESS, INDIGESTION, DYSPEPSIA, CONSTIPATION and all Disorders of the Liver.

Observe the following symptoms, resulting from diseases of the digestive organs: Constipation, inward piles, fullness of blood in the head, acidity of the stomach, nausea, heartburn, disgust of food fullness of weight of the stomach, sour eructations sinking or fluttering of the heart, choking or suffocating sensations when in a lying posture, dimness of vision, dots or webs before the sight, fever and dull pain in the head, deficiency of perspiration yellowness of the skin and eyes, pain in the side chest, limbs, and sudden flushes of heat, burning in the flesh.

A few doses of RADWAY'S PILLS will free the system of all the above-named disorders.

Price 25c. a Box. Sold by Druggists, or sent by mail.

RADWAY & CO., 55 Elm Street, New York.

DON'T DRINK IT! Most disease caused by foul water than by any other cause. Our WELL DRILLING MACHINERY obviates the difficulty and drills wells below surface contamination and effectually shuts out. There is money in drilling wells with modern and first-class machinery. **LOOMIS & NYMAN Tiffin Ohio.**

OPIUM HABIT AND **DRUNKENNESS** Cured in 10 to 20 Days. No Pay till Cured. DR. J.L. STEPHENS, LEBANON, OHIO.

OPIUM and **WHISKY** habits cured. Book sent FREE. Dr. B. M. WOOLLEY, ATLANTA, GA.

NYNU—50

PISO'S CURE FOR CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS. Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists. **CONSUMPTION** 25 CTS

THE NAVY DEPARTMENT

Secretary Herbert's Plans for Increasing the Fighting Flotilla.

THREE MORE BIG BATTLESHIPS.

Twelve Torpedo Boats Also Recommended--The Progress Made in the Upbuilding of the Navy---What Has Been Done During President Cleveland's Second Term---Docks Desired on Gulf.

WASHINGTON, D. C. (Special).—Secretary of the Navy Herbert in his annual report asks Congress to authorize three light draught battleships and twelve torpedo boats. He recommends that the battleships be planned for an extreme deep load draught of not more than twenty-three feet and suggests that considerations of strategy upon our Atlantic and Gulf Coasts render this an essential to the success of naval campaigns.

SECRETARY HILARY A. HERBERT.

"This reasoning," he says, "is the final result of much careful study by able officers of conditions as they exist on our Southern Coast. Battleships that could enter the harbors of Savannah, Brunswick, Key West, Tampa, Pensacola, Mobile, and the mouth of the Mississippi at all times would have an immense advantage over the battleships of foreign Nations, few, if any, of which could enter these ports. Light-draught battleships, if we had them, could make any of these ports bases of supply, could sally forth from them or retire into them at will, and could therefore almost always offer battle on their own terms. There are also many of our ports further north which would give the same advantages to such ships."

An interesting feature of the report is a resume of the progress of the upbuilding of the new navy from the time of its inauguration under Secretary Chandler. Congress has authorized during the present Administration twenty-eight vessels, with a total tonnage of 65,866 tons; of these five are first-class battleships and sixteen torpedo boats. "Large as the above increase appears," says the Secretary, "it yet does not suffice to place the United States Navy in a satisfactory condition if we mean to be able at all times to defend our long line of seacoast, afford unquestionable protection to our citizens in foreign lands, render efficient aid to our diplomacy and maintain under all circumstances our National honor."

The Secretary says that during the present Administration there will have been placed in commission three first-class and two second-class battleships, two armored cruisers, four double-turreted monitors, and one harbor-defence ram, making a total of twelve new armored vessels, having an aggregate displacement of 81,517 tons. In addition to the above-mentioned armored ships, eight cruisers and three gunboats will have received their first commission, making a grand total of twenty-three vessels, with an aggregate displacement, of 118,184 tons, placed in commission during the present Administration, this being by far the largest amount of tonage put in commission during any Presidential Administration since 1865. These include the seagoing coast-line battleships Indiana, Massachusetts, and Oregon, the second-class battleships Maine and Texas, the armored cruisers New York, Olympia, and Brooklyn, the coast defence monitors Amphitrite, Monadnock, Terror and Puritan, the cruisers Cincinnati, Raleigh, Columbia, Minneapolis, Detroit, Marblehead, and Montgomery, the gunboats Castine, Machias, and Annapolis, and the armored ram Katahdin, with a total displacement of 118?24 tons. The Katahdin failed to realize on trial the contract speed of seventeen knots, but this vessel was of very unusual design and the failure to obtain this speed was in no sense attributable to the builders. Congress passed a special act authorizing its acceptance.

The Secretary, calling attention to the comparative naval strength of the principal Powers, says that while the results achieved by the United States "are highly creditable to the country, yet it is clear that the great Powers with which we are brought into close relationship largely exceed us not only in the number of battleships and torpedo boats actually in commission, but in their naval programmes for the future. The work of adding to their strength in battleships and torpedo boats goes on steadily from year to year. It is not contended that we should attempt to compete in numbers with the great navies of England and France, but we ought surely to move up steadily and continually into a higher rank than that we now occupy, and into the place of Nations whose necessities are far less than ours. There are now not only in Europe, but in Asia, strong and growing navies belonging to Nations with which we must always have the most intimate and delicate relations, and where our citizens are to be found in great numbers prosecuting their legitimate businesses. Our obligations and duties on this hemisphere are recognized by the world, and cannot be met unless we are possessed of naval strength. If our merchant marine increases as it should, and no doubt will, the present naval strength will be very far from what it should be. Nothing will so surely make for peace and give us weight abroad and security at home as a substantial navy constructed of the best materials and manned by the highest intelligence and skill."

The Secretary asks Congress to authorize the building of a dock at Norfolk, Va., of sufficient size to take in the largest vessel of the navy. This, he recommends, should be constructed of concrete, as it is more durable, more readily repaired, and cheaper than a wooden dock. He thinks there should be a navy yard at some point on the Gulf where vessels cruising in Southern waters can be repaired.

BIG SEIZURE OF VENISON.

Thirty Tons Consigned to Eastern Cities Confiscated in Minnesota.

The Minnesota State Game Warden seized at St. Paul thirty tons of venison which it was charged was being illegally shipped to persons in Boston, New York and Chicago. The fines for the alleged illegal transportation of the game will amount to $40,000 or $50,000. Venison is now selling at eighteen cents a pound, and it will be an easy matter for the State to dispose of the 60,000 pounds confiscated for $10,800. This is said to be the largest seizure ever made at one time in the United States.

DROWNED, WITH HELP NEAR.

Fishermen Fell Through the Ice, and Struggled for an Hour.

Adam C. Henning, with Charles Adams, of the Russell House, broke through the ice while fishing at Highland Lake, Middletown, N. Y. Adams fell in first and pulled in Henning, who was trying to get him out with the aid of an axe handle.

They shrieked for help. The water was about eight feet deep, and they were able to keep alive for nearly an hour, when William Terwilliger heard them. He ran a mile, hitched up a horse and brought back a boat. Adams was rescued in a terribly exhausted condition. Henning had sunk.

Two Western Bank Failures.

At Clinton, Mo., the Henry County Bank assigned and did not open its doors for business. The deposits are about $125,000, and bills payable about $20,000. All deposits received in the course of business the day before, one being for $5000, have been laid aside and will be returned. The bank was organized in 1882 and had a capital stock of $75,000. At Baxter Springs, Kan., the Baxter Springs Bank closed its doors and is now in the hands of the Deputy Bank Commissioner.

Toll Gate Raiders.

Turnpike raiders in Kentucky have destroyed 300 toll gates and confiscated property worth $4,000,000.

THE VENEZUELAN TREATY.

Final Draft of the Arbitration Now Published Unofficially.

NEW YORK CITY (Special).—The Morning Journal publishes a cablegram from its London correspondent, giving what purports to be the text of the final draft of the Guiana-Venezuela boundary treaty, negotiated on behalf of Venezuela by Secretary Olney and Lord Salisbury, Ambassador Bayard and Sir Julian Pauncefote, British Ambassador at Washington, acting as intermediaries, which is now before the Venezuelan Council of State for consideration and approval.

It is as follows:

1. An arbitral tribunal shall be immediately appointed to determine the boundary line between the colony of British Guiana and the Republic of Venezuela.

2. The tribunal shall consist of two members nominated by the Judges of the Supreme Court of the United States and two members nominated by the Judges of the British High Court of Chancery—and a fifth selected by the four persons so nominated, or in the event of their failure to agree within three months from the time of their nomination, selected by the King of Sweden. The person so selected shall be the President of the tribunal. The persons nominated by the Judges of the Supreme Court of the United States and the British High Court of Justice, respectively, may be judges of either of said courts.

3. The tribunal shall investigate and ascertain the extent of the territories belonging to, or that might be lawfully claimed by, the United Netherlands or by the Kingdom of Spain, respectively, at the time of the acquisition by Great Britain of the colony of British Guiana, and shall determine the boundary line between the colony of British Guiana and the Republic of Venezuela.

4. In deciding the matter submitted the arbitrators shall ascertain all facts which they deem necessary to a decision of the controversy, and shall be governed by the following rules, which are agreed upon by the high contracting parties as rules to be taken as applicable to the case, and by such principles of international law not inconsistent therewith as the arbitrators shall determine to be applicable to the case.

The rules are as follows:

1. Adverse holding or prescription during a period of fifty years shall make good title. The arbitrators may deem exclusive political control of a district as well as actual settlement thereof sufficient to constitute adverse holding or to make title by prescription.

2. The arbitrators may recognize and give effect to rights and claims resting upon any other ground whatever, valid according to existing international law and on any principle of international law which the arbitrators may deem to be applicable to the case and are not in contravention to the foregoing rules.

3. In determining the boundary line, if the territory of one party be found by the tribunal to have been in the occupation of the subjects or citizens of the other party, such effect shall be given to such occupation as reason, justice, the principles of international law and the circumstances of the case shall, in the opinion of the tribunal, require.

TWO GUNBOATS LAUNCHED.

The Vicksburg and the Newport Are Successfully Put Overboard.

The United States gunboats Vicksburg and the Newport were favored at their launching at Bath, Me., with a perfect spring day.

The Vicksburg began moving slowly down the ways at twenty-five minutes of one o'clock, and Miss Addie Trowbridge, daughter of the Mayor of Vicksburg, Miss., shivered the champagne bottle on the wooden bow while she pronounced the words, "I christen thee Vicksburg, and may thou be as famous as thy namesake." Instantly the tug Seguin brought the gunboat to the wharf.

Then the workmen entered the cradle of the twin craft, the Newport. When the latter took leave of the land she slid down the ways much more rapidly than did the Vicksburg. Miss La Farge, of New York, daughter of John R. La Farge, and granddaughter of Commodore Perry, christened the vessel with a grace that caused the Newport delegation to give her three cheers. Both vessels were quickly docked under the big shears which will put their machinery on board.

A REQUEST FROM THE W. C. T. U

President-Elect M'Kinley Asked to Exclude Intoxicants From the White House.

The following letter has been sent to President-elect McKinley by the National W. C. T. U.:

CHICAGO, December 2, 1896.

President-elect McKinley, Canton, Ohio:

Honored Sir—At the recent Convention of the National Woman's Christian Temperance Union, held in St. Louis, November 13, 1896, I, as National Corresponding Secretary, was authorized to write a letter of appreciation to yourself and your gracious wife for the total abstinence principles which you are said to have maintained for so many years, and for the just grounds we have for believing that the use of intoxicating liquors will be excluded from the White House during your Administration. Knowing as we do the weight your name and position must carry, we feel that a great victory will be won for righteousness by your attitude in this, so vital a matter. Very sincerely yours,

KATHERINE L. STEVENSON,
Corresponding Secretary National W.C. T. U.

FIVE SHOT THREE DEAD.

Political Opponents Have a Fierce Fight in Kentucky.

A battle occurred a few days ago in Letcher County, Kentucky, between the Morgan family, strong supporters of Congressman D. G. Colson, and the Harrison family, advocates of ex-Congressman John D. White, in the recent Congressional election.

William Morgan and his three sons, Thomas, Caleb and John, were going to mill when they met William Harrison and his sons, "Jim" and Henry. The families have been at outs since the election, and after a few words revolvers were drawn.

Old man Morgan fell dead at the first fire, and when the fight was over "Jim" and Henry Harrison also lay dead, and Tom and Caleb Morgan were dying.

Detective Punished for Rashness.

Thomas J. Drury, a Boston detective, arrested John Braham, leader of "Excelsior, Jr.'s," orchestra, in Norwich, Conn., for nonpayment of a Boston debt. A flaw being discovered in the legal papers, the musician was released and the detective was fined and sentenced to five days in jail.

Messages Over Kite Wires.

William A. Eddy, Dr. William H. Eddy, and Henry L. Allen telephoned and telegraphed at Bayonne, N. J., over a wire suspended in midair from kites. The second connection with the earth was made after the kites had carried the wire aloft.

Strange Death of an Engineer

W. A. Fox, a Santa Fe Railway engineer at Topeka, Kan., died from a malady that baffled the skill of his physicians. On November 4 Fox's foot "went to sleep" and from this strange disease his leg gradually wasted away. Physicians say the trouble was not rheumatism, and a consultation of medical men was held, but they cannot explain the strange fatality.

Heavy Loss of Logs.

It is estimated that nearly 5,000,000 feet of logs were lost, being swept down the rivers and out to sea during the recent heavy floods in Washington.

Fatal Struggles in Icy Waters.

At Hawley, Penn., Ella Alpha and her brother Emil were drowned while skating in their father's ice pond with Blanche Bishop, the daughter of a neighbor.

Physician's Alleged Discovery.

Dr. Thomas Powell, of Columbia, Mo., declares he has discovered a certain method of immunizing the human system from every form of disease.

Starvation on the Increase in India.

The mortality from famine in the Belapur and Belaghal districts in India is steadily increasing. Hundreds of persons have died from starvation in the Conda districts.

"Bard of Shanty Hill" Killed.

Sarah Ulrich Kelly, known as the "Bard of Shanty Hill," and an aspirant before Congress for the place of Poet Laureate of America, was instantly killed in Cherry Ridge Township, Penn., by being thrown from her carriage.

First Fatality in Connecticut.

The first drowning accident of the season in Connecticut from skating on thin ice took place at Litchfield, Conn., when Martin Burns, aged ten years, broke through the ice at Little Pond.

There have been 34,000 lambs shipped to the Eastern market this season from Reno, Nev. netting the shippers about $60,000.

DEFEATED HER HUSBAND.

Mrs. Martha H. Cannon Elected State Senator in Utah.

Mrs. Martha Hughes Cannon has been elected to the State Senate of Utah and is the first woman in the country who has achieved such distinction. Her opponent on the ticket

MRS. MARTHA HUGHES CANNON.

was her husband and she defeated him by 4000 votes. She is a Mormon and a Democrat, and proposes to direct her attention to legislation affecting sanitary and educational matters.

CUBA IN THE SENATE.

Three Joint Resolutions Introduced, Favoring the Insurgents.

The independence of Cuba was the subject, in one day, of three joint resolutions introduced in the United States Senate by Messrs. Cameron (Rep., Penn.), Mills (Dem., Texas), and Call (Dem., Fla.). The first acknowledges the independence of the island and directs the Government to use its friendly offices with Spain to bring the war to a close. The second directs the President of the United States to take possession of the island with the military and naval forces of the United States, and to hold possession until the Cuban people can organize a Government. The third recognizes the Republic of Cuba as a free and independent Government, and extends to it all rights in the ports and within the jurisdiction of the United States.

The first two were referred to the Committee on Foreign Relations, and the last was laid on the table temporarily until Mr. Call may desire to address the Senate on the subject.

The first meeting of the Senate Committee on Foreign Relations was held. Almost the entire time was devoted to a consideration of Cuban affairs and the message of the President and the report of the Secretary of State on the subject. Not a member of the committee failed to express his sympathy for the patriots, but no tangible suggestions were made, nor was any action of any kind taken.

DINGLEY BILL CALLED UP.

A Lively Political Debate Precipitated in the Senate.

Unexpected and surprising was the action of the United States Senate when, by the decisive vote of 35 to 21, it adopted a motion by Senator Allen to take up the Dingley tariff bill. But this action did not have the significance which the vote itself appears to convey. Immediately following it Mr. Aldrich, of Rhode Island, one of the Republican members of the Finance Committee, moved to recommit the bill to that committee, and this motion was pending when, at 2 o'clock, the morning hour expired, and the entire matter lapsed as though no vote had been taken.

Neither the bill nor the Aldrich motion to recommit enjoys any privilege or precedence as a result of the action. It served, however, for some lively parliamentary fencing between Mr. Allen (Pop., Neb.), the author of the motion, and Messrs. Chandler, Hale and Aldrich, as well as for an exposition of the uncertain and shifting elements within the Senate when a vote is precipitated on an important public question. The debate was at times sharp and personal.

FOOTBALL IN THE WEST.

A Motion to Prohibit It to Be Made at a Meeting of College Presidents.

It is said that at the meeting of the Association of College Presidents of the Middle West, to be held in Madison, Wis., a proposition will be made entirely to abolish football from the list of college sports. President Adams, of Wisconsin, is President of the association, which embraces the colleges of Ohio, Illinois, Michigan, Wisconsin, Minnesota, Iowa, Nebraska, Kansas and Missouri. The main purpose of the meeting is to discuss the relation of universities and preparatory schools and agree upon a uniform standard of admission to the universities.

Inquiry Into Trusts.

In the United States Senate Mr. Chandler (Rep., N. H.) secured the adoption without comment of a sweeping resolution directing the Committee on Interstate Commerce to inquire into the prevention of competition by the Joint Traffic Association, composed of the railroads of the country; also the reported combination of the flour and milling interests of the country; also the reported combination of the window glass interests.

Shot and Killed His Mother.

A sad accident took place near Hancock's Bridge, Salem County, N. J. Mrs. Samuel Baker, the wife of a prosperous farmer, was shot and killed by her sixteen-year-old son. The boy was loading his shotgun in the kitchen. The boy, whose carelessness caused his mother's death, is frantic with grief. As it was purely accidental, no charges have been brought against young Baker.

Cuban Filibuster Seized.

A filibustering vessel which was preparing for a voyage to Cuba has been captured by the British authorities at Anotta Bay, on the north side of Jamaica, West Indies, about twenty-two miles west of Port Antonio. When captured the vessel was embarking rifles, ammunition and other war material. The members of the Cuban Junta here disclaim all connection with the expedition.

Ladybugs in Demand.

At the annual convention of the California Fruit Growers' Association, Sacramento, Cal., President Cooper urged further importation of ladybugs from Australia to destroy insect pests. He said the annual loss by insect pests in the United States is over $3,000,000.

One Year for Beating a Slot Machine.

Michael Foley was sentenced to a year's imprisonment by United States Judge Sage at Columbus, Ohio, for making nine fivecent pieces and passing them into a slot machine. They were rudely made and could not have been passed in any other way.

Cycling Notes.

Ten thousand bicycles are to be bought by the British Postoffice for the use of carriers.

The puncturless tire has not made much headway, in spite of the volumes of talk and large advertising about it.

After much experimenting, it seems pretty well settled that larger sprocket wheels will be used in the 1897 machines, with the result of greater use in propulsion and better management of a higher gear.

Experts agree that the rush to make the lightest possible wheel has come to a standstill, and that henceforth, at least for some little time, there is likely to be a more conservative tendency in the matter of weight.

Bicycles will be a trifle heavier than during 1896.

A zealous clerical advocate in a recent sermon is said to have characterized the bicycle as "the mechanical embodiment of the principles of Christianity."

At the recent meeting of patent agents in London, Mr. Sinclair Fairfax said that the cycle industry now gives employment to nearly 33,000 work people in Birmingham and Coventry alone, and that the total output in England is about 750,000 wheels per annum.

It is the first cost of the bicycle that deters lots of people from taking up cycling. The thought of giving anything from $87 to $100 for what appears to them nothing more than a piece of steel and rubber appalls them. After all there are few more economical pastimes than cycling.

THE MARKETS.

Late Wholesale Prices of Country Produce Quoted in New York.

MILK AND CREAM.

The average price paid for the surplus on the platforms has been $1.45 a can of 40 quarts. Receipts of milk and cream at the different railroad distributing points in and near the city for the week have been as follows:

Average daily receipts of the week, fluid milk, cans	21,200
Condensed milk, cans	170
Cream, cans	391

BUTTER.

Creamery—Extras	—	@	24½
Firsts	22	@	23½
Thirds to seconds	15	@	21
State—Fancy	23	@	23½
Welsh tubs—Fancy	—	@	—
Western Im. Creamery	11	@	17
Western Dairy	—	@	—
June Extras	10	@	11

CHEESE.

State—Fullcream, white, fancy	—	@	10½
Full cream, good to prime	9	@	9½
State Factory—Part skims, common to fair	5½	@	4¾
Part skims, choice	7¾	@	8
Full skims	2½	@	3

EGGS.

State & Penn—Fresh	23	@	25
Jersey—Fancy	—	@	27
Western—Prime to choice	22½	@	23
Southern—Best	20	@	21
Duck eggs, ₱ doz	—	@	—

BEANS AND PEAS.

Beans—Marrow, choice	1 37½	@	1 40
Medium, choice	1 10	@	1 12½
Pea, choice	—	@	1 00
Red kidney, choice	1 40	@	1 42½
White kidney, choice	1 55	@	1 63
Yellow eye	1 20	@	1 35
Lima, Cal., ₱ 60 lbs	1 35	@	1 40
Green peas, 1896, bags	72½	@	75

FRUITS AND BERRIES—FRESH.

Cranberries, Cape Cod, ₱ bbl	3 50	@	6 50
Apples, Baldwin, ₱ bbl	75	@	90
King, ₱ bbl	1 00	@	1 62
Greening, ₱ bbl	1 00	@	1 12
Spitzenburg, ₱ bbl	1 60	@	2 00
Grapes, Catawba, ₱ basket	8	@	10
Concord, ₱ basket	7	@	8½

HOPS.

State—1896, choice, ₱ lb	—	@	14
1896, good to prime	11½	@	12½
Pacific Coast, 1895, choice	—	@	8
Common to prime, 1895	5	@	7
Old odds, 1894	4	@	6

VEGETABLES.

Potatoes, Jersey, ₱ bbl	90	@	1 12
L. I., ₱ bbl	1 25	@	1 37
Sweet, ₱ bbl	1 60	@	2 00
Cabbage, ₱ 100	2 00	@	3 00
Onions, Eastern white, ₱ bbl	3 00	@	5 00
Red, ₱ bbl	2 25	@	2 50
Squash, ₱ bbl	75	@	1 25
Celery, ₱ doz. stalks	8	@	40
Carrots, ₱ bbl	60	@	75
Turnips, Russia, ₱ bbl	60	@	65
Green peas, N. C., ₱ basket	1 00	@	2 00
Egg plant, Fla., ₱ bbl	1 00	@	2 00
Cucumbers, Fla., ₱ crate	50	@	1 25
Brussels sprouts, ₱ qt	5	@	10
String beans, Fla., ₱ basket	75	@	1 50
Cauliflower, ₱ bbl	2 00	@	3 00
Pumpkins, ₱ 100	8 00	@	14 00
Lettuce, Fla., ₱ basket	1 00	@	1 25

HAY AND STRAW.

Hay—Prime, ₱ 100 lb	—	@	80
Clover mixed	62½	@	67½
Straw—Long rye	90	@	95
Oat	37½	@	40

LIVE POULTRY.

Fowls, ₱ lb	7	@	8
Chickens, ₱ lb	5½	@	6
Roosters, ₱ lb	—	@	4
Turkeys, ₱ lb	8	@	9
Ducks, ₱ pair	50	@	80
Geese, ₱ pair	1 00	@	1 75
Pigeons, ₱ pair	15	@	20

DRESSED POULTRY.

Turkeys, ₱ lb	6	@	14
Chickens, Phila., ₱ lb	9	@	13
Western, dry picked	7	@	8½
Fowls, ₱ lb	7	@	8
Western ducks, ₱ lb	8	@	13
Geese, ₱ lb	7	@	11
Squabs, ₱ doz	1 25	@	2 25

GRAIN, ETC.

Flour—City Patents	5 20	@	5 45
Spring Patents	3 80	@	3 90
Wheat—No. 2 Red	—	@	1 00¾
May	—	@	88½
Corn—No. 2	—	@	29
Oats—No. 2 White	—	@	25½
Ungraded White	22	@	32
Rye—No. 2 Western	44	@	45
Barley—Feeding	24½	@	29
Lard—City steam	3 65	@	3 75

LIVE STOCK.

Beeves, city dressed	6¼	@	8¾
Milch cows, com. to good	—	@	—
Calves, city dressed	7½	@	11
Country dressed	6½	@	9¾
Sheep, ₱ 100 lbs	2 75	@	3 20
Lambs, ₱ 100 lbs	4 25	@	5 00
Hogs—Live, ₱ 100 lbs	3 35	@	4 00
Dressed	4	@	6¼

CLEVELAND'S GENEROSITY.

Permits "Daddy" Brunn, the Hermit Fisherman, to Erect His Cabin.

Fire a few weeks ago destroyed the cabin home near Boston, Mass., of "Daddy" Brunn, so-called, robbing the hermit fisherman of all his worldly possessions. Brunn owned only the building, and his land lease expiring with the demolition of his cabin, he has not succeeded in renewing it. The old man, shrinking from the idea of becoming a town charge, asked to be allowed to continue to support himself. He received money contributions to build a house, but could not secure a site. In his dilemma he wrote to President Cleveland, and the latter replied through a mutual friend, giving him permission to build his cabin on the President's Gray Gables' estate, to be used solely by Brunn, and all rights to revert to the owner when Brunn ceased to use the land as his place of dwelling. The President's generosity is the subject of much talk in the neighborhood.

BIG HOLIDAY TRADE.

The Treasury Taxed to Furnish Silver Nickels and Pennies.

The holiday trade is making heavy demands on the United States Treasury and taxing to the utmost its capacity to furnish small silver change and nickels and pennies. This demand is coming from the large cities—New York, Chicago, Philadelphia, Boston and St. Louis. The demand for pennies is greater than ever known before, and for the first time in the history of the Treasury a demand comes from San Francisco for pennies. Heretofore the smallest change in use on the Pacific Coast has been the nickel. This demand for pennies is accounted for by the great number of stores which use odd figures in selling goods.

Oldest Pensioner Dead.

Old Nathan Webb, the oldest survivor of the Civil War, the oldest pensioner on the rolls of Uncle Sam, and one of the men who assisted in the capture of Jefferson Davis, died, aged 100 years, at the home of his daughter in New York City.

Packers to Buy Salt Mines.

At a conference held by the Omaha, St. Joseph and Kansas City packers it has been determined to form a company and purchase salt mines in the State of Kansas and hereafter produce all the rock salt that may be needed in the packing business of the three cities. The reason for forming the company is the recent heavy increase in the price of rock salt.

Letters Short of Postage.

The State Department is informed that about twenty-five per cent. of the letters sent from the United States to foreign countries are short in the necessary postage.

Newsy Gleanings.

There are 10,900 locomotives.

Australia has a Chinese paper.

China employs 2,00?,000 teachers.

In Japan 1162 mills have machinery.

The girls in Brooklyn's High Schools outnumber the boys by more than two to one.

Fourteen churches in Michigan are to be sold by the public authorities for non-payment of sewer taxes.

A German officer has been deputed by the Emperor to go to Dongola and follow the British military operations.

Passing beside a stall a liveryman of Hopkinsville, Ky., lost a part of one ear which a horse reached out and seized with its teeth.

Hidden under corn husks at Dunlap, Iowa, watches enough to supply all his sons and their girls were found by a farmer shuckin' corn.

The last report shows that the deposits in the savings banks of New Hampshire have shrunk $17,000,000 during the last three years.

Detected in a clothing store at Frankfort, Ky., a burglar wound a coat about his head, and, jumping through a plate-glass window, escaped.

The Indiana Supreme Court has sustained the will of John Herron, by which the Indianapolis Art Association receives nearly $200,000.

It remained for a Houston (Texas) young woman to use a hatchet for a can opener, and she lost four fingers of one hand in the experiment.

CONGRESS REASSEMBLES

Convocation of the Last Half of the Fifty-fourth Session.

THE PRESIDENT'S MESSAGE READ

Galleries of Senate and House Crowded by Visitors---Little Business Done---Each Branch Adjourned After the Message Had Been Read---Tribute to the Late Ex-Speaker Crisp, of Georgia.

WASHINGTON, D. C. (Special).—The second session of the Fifty-fourth Congress was called to order at noon, Monday, in the Senate by Vice-President Stevenson and in the House by Speaker Reed. The bodies resumed business in the presence of one of the largest crowds that have ever witnessed the opening of a short session. A perfect day, and the possibility that the President's last annual message to Congress might contain something sensational relative to the Cuban question, proved to be irresistible attractions at the Capitol. All interest in this session attaches to the Senate, because the House has nothing whatever to do except pass the regular appropriation bills and act on such measures as may come from the Senate. Speaker Reed cleaned up the House calendar completely last session, and the Senate is now alone responsible for legislation during the brief remainder of the life of the Fifty-fourth Congress.

OPENING OF THE SENATE.

Great Interest Manifested in the President's Message.

WASHINGTON, D. C. (Special).—There was not by any means a full attendance of Senators when Vice-President Stevenson rapped the Senate to order, though many of the grizzled veterans were on hand. Central among them and the recipient of many congratulations on Ohio's success at the late election was John Sherman, now entering upon his forty-first year of Congressional service. The Senate Chamber, in its new dress and with the improvements in the seating capacity, evoked general commendation, and the floral display was fully up to the standard. Just before the Senate convened some excitement was caused in the Senators' Gallery by the arrival of Mark Hanna under the protection of Senator Proctor. The Diplomatic Gallery was well filled, Sir Julian Pauncefote and his daughter being the most conspicuous occupants. After the Chaplain's prayer and the usual resolutions notifying the House and President that the Senate was ready for business, the committees were appointed and a recess ordered. Sherman was selected as the Republican representative on the committee to notify the President, and Smith, of New Jersey, was named to act for the Democrats. It was nearly 2 o'clock before the President's message was delivered to the Senate. Every Senator had a printed copy of the message, and all present followed the reading clerk closely. The reading of the message closed at 3.35 p. m. Just as the Senate was about to adjourn Senator Call, of Florida, arose and offered a resolution recognizing Cuba's belligerency and then withdrew it.

BRIEF SESSION OF THE HOUSE.

It Adjourned as a Mark of Respect to Ex-Speaker Crisp.

WASHINGTON, D. C. (Special).—The House presented a bright and cheerful appearance when the galleries were thrown open to visitors. The old carpets had been replaced and the brass furnishings of the chamber had been scoured until they were as bright as a dollar. The galleries were crowded to overflowing long before Speaker Reed called the House to order. Ex-Speaker Crisp's desk was draped in mourning and covered with orchids. There were no flowers on the desk of Speaker Reed when he brought down the gavel at noon. The centre of all attraction seemed to be Representative and Governor-elect Frank S. Black, of New York, who was overwhelmed with congratulations. Promptly at 12 o'clock Speaker Reed called the House to order without a word of introduction and, the members all standing, the Chaplain offered the customary morning prayer. The roll of members by States was then called, and the second and final session of the Fifty-fourth Congress was under way. The roll call showed the presence of 271 members. J. Williams Stock then came forward and was sworn in as a member from the Seventh Congressional District of South Carolina. The credentials of Charles J. Boatner, from the Fifth District of Louisiana, were read also. Both of these gentlemen received certificates of election to Congress, but their seats were contested and declared vacant by the House at the last session. They were re-elected. The Speaker appointed Mr. Cannon, of Illinois; Mr. Payne, of New York, and Mr. Turner, of Georgia, to constitute the committee to inform the President that the House was ready for business. The election of Mr. Turner was considered a significant indication that the Georgia member would succeed ex-Speaker Crisp as a member of the Committee on Rules, as it was a formal recognition of him as the leader on the Democratic side. In order to await the report of the committee, the House took a recess until 2 p. m. Upon reassembling the message was presented and then for over two hours the reading clerk droned it out. The message concluded and referred, Mr. Turner, of Georgia, made a few brief remarks concerning the death of the late Speaker Crisp, moved that the House adjourn as a mark of respect, and the legislative day was at an end, and the resolution prevailed.

APPROPRIATION ESTIMATES.

**For